





# REPORT

ON THE

## Administration

OF THE

# DUNGARPUR STATE

RAJPUTANA.

FOR THE

*year 1940-41*

*(Vikrami 1997-98).*



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

DUNGARPUR

SHRI LAKSHMAN BIJAYA PRINTING PRESS.

1942.



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To

His Highness,

Rai-Rayan Mahimahendra Maharajadhiraja,

Maharawal Shri Sir Lakshman Singhji Bahadur,

K C. S. I.

May it please Your Highness,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Administration of the Dungarpur State for the year 1940-41 [Vikrami 1997-98].

I have the honour to be,

Your Highness

Your Highness' most obedient servant,

Virbhadra Singh,

Maharaj.

*Dated, Dungarpur, }  
the 25th July, 1942. }*

Musahib-i-Ala, Dungarpur State.





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## CHAPTER I.

### GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

The State is situated in the south of Rajputana between 23°20' and 24°1' north latitude and 73°22' and 74°23' east longitude. It is bounded on the north by Udaipur (Mewar); on the west by Idar; on the south by Lunawara, Kadana and Sant; and on the east by Banswara.

Situation.

2. The country, though fairly open in the south and east, consists for the most part of rocky hills covered with jungles. The hills attain no great height, the highest peak which is in the extreme north-west, is only 1,811 feet above the sea. In the eastern half the land gradually slopes to the Mahi river, and much of it is very fertile. The only perennial rivers are the Mahi and the Som, but there are several other streams such as Jakham, Majam, Vatrak, Bhadar, Moran, Gangli, Sapan and Veriganga.

Physical Aspects.

3. The area of the State is 1,460 square miles and the population according to the census of 1941, is 2,74,282 souls consisting of 1,39,241 males and 1,35,041 females. There are 2,59,149 Hindus, 6,047 Jains, 9,068 Musalmans and 18 of other religions. The gross average annual revenue of the State is Rs. 10,39,375 and the average expenditure Rs. 8,43,863. The State pays a tribute of Rs. 17,500 to the British Government as stipulated under Article 9 of the Treaty of 1818.

Area, Population,  
Income and Expenditure.

4. No railway traverses any part of the State. The nearest railway stations, Udaipur and Talod, are 67 and 82 miles respectively from the Capital. There are metalled roads within the Municipal limits of the Capital and from Dungarpur to Kherwara. The work of metalling the Dungarpur-Sagwara-Galiakot road has been taken up. There is a net work of fair weather roads for wheeled traffic throughout the State, which is kept in good order. Regular motor services run from Dungarpur to Sagwara, to Galiakot, to Kherwara and to Modasa via Ratanpur, from Sabla to Partabgarh and from Galiakot to Dohad and Godhra.

Communications.

5. Dungarpur, Sagwara and Galiakot are served by combined Post and Telegraph Offices; Sabla, Bankora and Aspur are served by Departmental offices. There is a State Postal Service between the Capital and important villages. Postal facilities for the interior are being extended.

Post and telegraphs

6. The Rulers are the head of the Ahara branch of the illustrious Guhilot (Sisodia) clan of Rajputs. The Guhilots are the most celebrated of the Thirtysix Royal Races of India and are descended from Shri Ram, the hero of the Ramayan. The House of Dungarpur represents the eldest branch of the House of Mewar.

7. The State was founded in Samvat 1223 Vikrami (A.D. 1171), when Rawal Samant Singhji, Ruler of Chittor and the eldest son of Rawal Kshem Singhji, left his patrimony and after slaying Chaurasimal, conquered the territory of Vagad which is now divided into the two States of Dungarpur and Banswara. Maharawal Udai Singhji I, who fell fighting gallantly against Babar at the battle of Khanwa in A. D. 1527 divided his territories between his two sons; the elder son, Prithvirajji, retained the western portion, Dungarpur, while the younger son, Jagmalji, received the eastern portion, subsequently known as Banswara. The Rulers of Dungarpur also enjoyed high izzat and dignity during the Moghul period. The Emperor Shahjehan conferred on Maharawal Punrajji the insignia of the Mahi maratib together with a Dedh-Hazari Mansab and a Zat of 1500 Sowars. In 1818, Maharawal Jaswant Singhji II, concluded a Treaty of perpetual friendship, alliance and unity of interests with the British Government.

#### The Present Ruler.

8. His Highness Rai-i-Rayan Mahimahendra Maharajadhiraj Maharawal Shri Sir Lakshman Singhji Bahadur K. C. S. I., is the 31st Ruler of the State. His Highness was born on the 7th March, 1908 and succeeded to the Gadi on the 15th November, 1918. He was married in 1921 to a daughter of the Raja Sahib of Bhinga in U.P. from whom His Highness has one Maharaj Kumari. In 1928 His Highness was married a second time to the second Maharaj Kumari of His Late Highness Maharaja Shri Madan Singhji Bahadur of Kishengarh, from whom His Highness has an Heir-apparent, two Maharaj Kumars and three Maharaj Kumaris.

#### The Ruling Family.

9. The Heir Apparent Shriman Maharaj Kumar Shri Mahipal Singhji Bahadur was born on the 14th August, 1931 and Maharaj Kumar Shri Jai Singhji Sahib and Maharaj Kumar Shri Raj Singhji Sahib were born on the 19th May, 1934 and 19th December, 1935 respectively.

10. The education of the Maharaj Kumaris is looked after by Mrs. Irene Lewis who has been appointed as Governess-Companion. Raj Pandit Ichchha Nath imparts Hindi and Sanskrit education and religious instruction. Thakur Uday Vir Singh M. A., LL. B., assisted by Pandit Gokul Ram Sharma, B. A., and Pandit Gopal Vallabh Visharad is entrusted with the education of the Maharaj Kumars.

11. His Highness has one sister, who is married to Shriman Maharaj Kumar Shri Pratap Singhji Bahadur, the Heir-apparent of Wankaner State.

12. His Highness has three brothers. Maharaj Shri Virbhadra Singhji Sahib of Punjpur, M. A. (Oxon), is working as Musahib-i-Ala in the State. Maharaj Shri Nagendra Singhji Sahib of Karauli, B. A.

( Cantab ) I. C. S. is posted as Assistant Commissioner at Chhindwara in the Central Provinces. Maharaj Shri Pradyumna Singhji Sahib is studying for the degree of M. Sc. ( Agri. ) at the Lyallpur Agricultural College.

13. The auspicious Birthday of His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was celebrated in the usual manner on the 3rd March, 1941. A salute of 15 guns was fired, rewards were distributed to the State servants for good work, prisoners were released, the poor were fed and prayers were offered in temples and mosques. There was general rejoicing among His Highness' subjects throughout the State.

14. The auspicious occasion of the Birthday of His Majesty the King Emperor was celebrated as usual on the 13th June, 1941. The poor were fed and prayers were offered in places of worship.

15. ( 1 ) His Highness proceeded to Delhi on the 13th March, 1941 to attend the annual session of the Chamber of Princes. On the 20th March, His Highness proceeded to Chilla near Hardwar for Shikar. His Highness had *Snan* and *Darshan* at Hardwar on the 31st March and returned to Delhi on the 1st April.

Movements of  
His Highness.

( 2 ) From Delhi His Highness proceeded to Ajmer and stayed there upto the 7th April. In Ajmer, His Highness laid the Foundation stone of the D. A. V. Agricultural and Technical College building and attended meetings of the Working Committee and General Council of the Mayo College.

( 3 ) His Highness was on tour in the State from the 16th May to the 27th May, 1941. He visited Katara, Sagwara and Dungar-Saran among other places.

( 4 ) His Highness proceeded to Bombay on the 3rd August, 1941 to attend the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes and returned to the Capital on the 7th August, 1941.

16. In the year under report, His Highness' personal charities amounted to Rs. 10,541/-, out of which Rs. 836/- were given for educational purposes.

His Highness' charities.

17. On the 11th and 12th of August, 1941, heavy rains fell throughout the State; more than 17 inches being recorded at the Capital. In some places, the fall was heavier. The Mahi, the Som and the Moran rivers recorded unprecedented floods and villages near these rivers suffered much damage. The town of Galiakot on the bank of the Mahi was the greatest sufferer. His Highness was pleased to donate a sum of Rs. 1000/- to give immediate relief to the inhabitants of the town and a committee was appointed to distribute food and clothes to the afflicted. Another sum of Rs. 500/- was sanctioned by His Highness to be distributed as Taccavi to the flood-stricken people

Natural calamities.

of the villages on the banks of Moran and Mahi rivers. The damage to property was heavy but by the Grace of God, no life was lost and loss of live-stock was negligible.

Dungarpur War Board.

18. The eighth meeting of the Dungarpur War Board was held on the 17th October, 1940, under the Presidentship of His Highness. With a view to supplement as far as possible the State's War effort and to raise and collect subscriptions from Jagirdars, Officials and the well-to-do classes and communities of His Highness' subjects, four resolutions were unanimously adopted.

#### District Sub-Committees.

19. By one of the resolutions, three District Sub-Committees were appointed with the following personnel:—

##### (a) *Dungarpur War Fund Sub-Committee—*

1.	Pt. Ramcharan Misra, Private Secretary	Chairman
2.	Shah Mohanlal ...	Member
3.	Pt. Lakshmishanker, State Accountant ...	"
4.	M. Niaz nohammad Khan, Boundary Officer	"
5.	Mulla Gulam Ali ...	"
6.	Vakharia Dadamechand ...	"
7.	Goswami Harigir ...	"

##### (b) *Sagwara War Fund Sub-Committee—*

1.	Zileadar, Sagwara ...	Chairman
2.	Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Sagwara ...	Member
3.	Head Master, Sagwara ...	"
4.	Patwari, Sagwara ...	"
5.	Seth Kishorlal ...	"
6.	Seth Kisturchand Dechia ...	"
7.	Seth Kisturchand Devedia ...	"
8.	Seth Chimanolal ...	"
9.	Kurban Hussein ...	"

##### (c) *Galiakot War Fund Sub-Committee—*

1.	Thanedar, Galiakot ...	Chairman
2.	Seth Hukamechand ...	Vice-President
3.	Head Master, Galiakot ...	Member
4.	Nakedar, Galiakot ...	"
5.	Patwari, Galiakot ...	"
6.	Seth Champalal ...	"
7.	Seth Gautamlal ...	"
8.	Seth Mohammad Ali ...	"

20. These Sub-Committees, with the co-operation of the people, raised and collected handsome subscriptions as will be shown by the following statement:—

1	Dungarpur Sub-committee ... ..	Rs. 2,053/-
2	Sagwara Sub-committee ... ..	Rs. 2,813/8
3	Galiakot Sub-committee .. ...	Rs. 754/-
	Total ... ..	Rs. 5,620/8

### Contributions.

21. In addition to Rs. 45,000/- sent last year, a sum of Rs. 50,000/- was contributed by the State to His Excellency the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund, in February, 1941. This amount included donations of Rs. 5,000/- from His Highness and another Rs. 5,000/- from the Members of the Ruling Family. Rupees one hundred and one (101), the proceeds of a drama staged by the staff and students of Shri Maharawal High School, were also contributed to the said Fund. Besides these, Rs. 100/- were sent to the Red Cross Society, Rajputana Branch, Abu; Rs. 200/- were sent to Lady Lothian's War Fund Fete, Abu; Rs. 100/- were contributed to the Hellenic War Fund, Bombay; Rs. 552/- were sent to Lady Lothian for the Indian Red Cross Unit and Rs. 330/- were subscribed to different War Funds from time to time during the year under report.

22. Government of India 3½ Defence Bonds of the value of Rs. 15,000/- were purchased last year. This amount was further supplemented by investing Rs. 5,000/- in the said bonds, thus making an aggregate amount of Rs. 20,000/-.

23. His Highness was pleased to send one lakh bidis and one hundred chilums for the use of Indian troops serving overseas. The cost of these was disbursed from His Highness' privy purse.

24. Thus the State's financial war effort up to date amounts to Rs. 1,17,135/9/-, of which Rs. 60,640/- were contributed last year and Rs. 56,495/9/- this year.

25. His Highness was also pleased to present one pair of binoculars for the use of Military officers on active service.

26. Under Firman of His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur No. 1562, dated the 1st September, 1941, the 7th September, 1941 was observed as 'Prayer Day', when His Highness' subjects offered prayers in their respective places of worship for the decisive victory of the Allied Arms.

27. 'V' for Victory forms were displayed on prominent spots in the Capital as well as in district towns.

Prayer Day.

V.V.P.



Civic Guard

28. The Dungarpur Civic Guard continued to function satisfactorily during the year.

Visitors.

29. The following distinguished guests visited Dungarpur in the course of the year under report :—

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| (1) Maharaj Kumar Shri Chandra-veer Singhji Bahadur, the Heir-apparent of Banswara.  | } 4th to 7th November, 1940; 3rd to 9th March, 1941.                          |
| (2) Mr. H. J. Todd, Political Agent in Mewar and Southern Rajputana States accompanied by Mrs. Todd.   | } 2nd & 3rd January, 1941; 26th to 30th January; 8th to 12th September, 1941. |
| (3) The Hon'ble Mr. Arthur Lothian, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Resident for Rajputana accompanied by Mrs. Lothian and Major A.A. Russel, M.C., Secretary to the Hon'ble the Resident. | } 26th to 30th January, 1941.   |
| (4) His Highness The Maharana Sahib Bahadur of Danta.  | } 9th to 11th February, 1941.   |
| (5) Maharaj Kumar Shri Prithwiraj Singhji Bahadur, the Heir-apparent of Danta.   | } Do.   |
| (6) Maharaj Shri Narayan Singhji Sahib of Danta.   | } Do.   |
| (7) Maharaj Shri Lakshman Singhji Sahib of Danta.  | } Do.   |
| (8) His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur of Narsingarh.   | } 21st February to 2nd March, 1941.   |
| (9) Maharaj Shri Prabhu Nath Singhji Sahib of Narsingarh.  | } Do.   |
| (10) Maharaj Shri Lal Singhji Sahib of Banswara.   | } 3rd to 9th March, 1941.   |
| (11) Maharaj Shri Mandhata Singhji Bahadur of Shivpuri (Bikaner).  | } 26th & 27th September, 1941.  |

30. The Hon'ble Mr. Arthur Lothian, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., continued to hold charge of the office of the Resident for Rajputana throughout the year.

31. The Resident in Mewar and Political Agent Southern Rajputana States has been designated as "Political Agent in Mewar and Southern Rajputana States".

32. Mr. C.L. Corfield, C.I.E., M.C., I.C.S., was the Resident in Mewar and Political Agent, Southern Rajputana States till the 2nd December, 1940, when he was relieved by Major N. S. Alington, M.C., who remained in charge till the 16th December, 1940. Major Alington was relieved by Mr. H. J. Todd. Mr. Todd was in charge till the 24th September, 1941, when he was again relieved by Major Alington, who remained in charge till the end of the year.

## CHAPTER II.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

## Ijlas-i-Alia Shri Huzur Darbar.

33. Applications for mercy and all appeals against the decisions of the Raj Prabandh Karini Sabha and the Raj Shasan Sabha and of the Amatya Karyalaya lie in Ijlas-i-Alia, to His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur, who is the fountain head of all authority and justice in the State.

## The Raj Prabandh Karini Sabha or the Executive Council.

34. At the close of the year the Raj Prabandh Karini Sabha consisted of the President, Maharaj Shri Virbhadra Singhji Sahib M.A. ( Oxon ), Musahib-i-Ala, and the following 8 members:—

1.	Thakur Sangram Singhji of Peith	..	Jagirdar Member
2.	Thakur Nahar Singhji of Oda	...	" "
3.	Pandit Ramcharan Misra, Private Secretary	...	Official "
4.	Pandit Bhanwarlal Sharma, B.A., LL.B., Mir Munshi	...	" "
5.	Shah Mohanlal	...	Public "
6.	Davda Nathoolal	...	" "
7.	Mulla Gulam Ali	...	" "
8.	Vakharia Dadamchand	...	" "

36. The Sabha held 9 sittings. One hundred and sixty-two ( 162 ) cases came up before the Sabha of which 154 were disposed of and the remaining 8 were submitted to Ijlas-i-Alia Shri Huzur Darbar for orders.

## The Amatya Karyalaya.

36. Maharaj Shri Virbhadra Singhji M.A. ( Oxon ) continued as Musahib-i-Ala and Dewan throughout the year. Pandit Ramcharan Misra, Private Secretary, officiated for the Maharaj Sahib during his absence.

37. The following statement shows the work done by the Amatya Karyalaya during the year under report:—

Description of work	No. of papers or cases
1. Papers submitted by the Revenue, Customs, Excise, Forest, Police, Army & other departments.	16,000
2. Papers in which final orders were passed by the Amatya Karyalaya	14,150
3. Papers submitted to Ijlas-i-Alia Shri Huzur Darbar	1,786
4. Cases submitted to the Executive Council	100
5. Foreign & Political correspondence	4,800

## Shri Bijay Paltan.

### ARMY.

#### Personnel.

38. Commanding Officer Shri Bijay Paltan—Subedar Baij Nath Misra.

Fauj Bakshi—Rao Sahib Kanwar Fateh Singh Pawar.

39. The State Army consists of the Shri Bijay Paltan, the Fauj, the Bisala Khas and the Artillery.

40. The Paltan consists of three sections, A., B., & C., and the Band. On account of the war it was deemed expedient to re-organize the Force on modern lines and to provide it with better equipment and personnel. His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was pleased to constitute section A as the Bijay Paltan and to take over the force under his direct supervision. Sections B. & C. were renamed as Fauj and were left under the charge of the Superintendent of Police as Fauj Bakshi.

41. The newly constituted Bijay Paltan was reorganized and distributed into 3 sections consisting of—

( 1 ) an Infantry Company, ( 2 ) the Signalling Section and ( 3 ) the Band.

42. The Infantry Company consists of four Platoons of three Sections each. Each Platoon has one Jamadar and 30 rank and file.

43. The signalling section consists of one Platoon of two sections. This Platoon has one Jamadar and 21 rank and file.

44. The Band has one Band Master and 21 Sepoys.

45. In order to strengthen the Force both in number and quality, immediate steps were taken to enlist recruits. During the year under report 116 recruits from all communities were enlisted and trained. Thirty-one ( 31 ) trained recruits were promoted to the rank of sepoy and were provided with uniforms.

46. Some changes were made in the uniform of the Force: the replacement of Safa by Topi, bearing the State Crest, being the principal change.

47. The rank and file of the Force, including the recruits, were regularly drilled and trained according to a fixed programme. A parade-ground was placed at the disposal of the Paltan and several other facilities were provided for playing games such as foot-ball, tug-of-war, vault-horse, high-jump, long-jump, etc.

48. The Paltan was moved from the Kuriala Gate to Veerpur Kothi, about two miles away from the Capital and new barracks were constructed for the accommodation of the Force.

49. With the shifting of the Military Headquarters to a comparatively distant place, it became necessary to have a grocer's shop near the barracks to save the sepoy's long journeys for making daily purchases. A local trader was induced to open a shop of retail sale of all articles of daily necessity at Veerpur in the month of January, 1941. The Commanding Officer has been entrusted with the supervision of the shop.

50. The signalling section was provided with new instruments and signalling practice was pursued more regularly with good results.

51. Similarly, the Band continued to function satisfactorily during the year.

52. Particular attention was paid to the discipline of the Force. Breach of discipline on the part of any person, officer or otherwise, was strictly dealt with after due inquiries. A few habitual offenders who were a danger to the sound and satisfactory running of the department, were court-martialled and punished with imprisonments of various terms according to the nature and gravity of the offence. This had the desired effect and cases of indiscipline have decreased markedly.

53. New Rules were framed to govern the 'Half-mounting Fund' by which the contribution from the State has been increased.

54. Similarly, new sets of Rules were brought into force which were necessary for the purpose of sound and effective reorganisation.

55. His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was pleased to grant several promotions in rank and pay to deserving candidates.

56. As was expected, the reorganisation of the Paltan proved to be expensive. The prices of all military goods have soared due to the War and at times it was difficult even to procure them. The total expenditure incurred on the Paltan during the year amounted to Rs. 20,529/- as compared with Rs. 19,776/- of the last year.

57. The following statement gives the full strength of the Paltan as it stood on the 30th September, 1941.

	Rank			On 30th September 1941
1	Commanding Officer	...	..	1
2	Jamadars	...	...	4
3	Havildar Major	...	..	1
4	Band Master	...	..	1
5	Havildars	...	.	6
6	Lance Havildars	...	.	2
7	Naiks	...	.	5
8	Lance Naiks	...	..	11
9	Buglers	...	.	4
10	Sepoys	...	..	108
11	Recruits	...	..	62
12	Barber	...	..	1
13	Bhisti	...	..	1
14	Vacancies	...	..	6
	Total	...	..	213

58. The Force is equipped with 75 single loading .303 bore rifles, 84 magazine rifles of .303 bore and 23 muskets of .410 bore.

59. Sections B. and C. of the Bijay Paltan were constituted as the Fauj which consists of the following :—

Subedar	...	...	1.
Havildars	...	...	4.
Sepoys	...	...	25.

60. The Fauj is armed with swords and is employed on duty at the Old Palace and Zanani Deodhis.

61. The Risala Khas consists of—

Dafedar	...	...	1.
Sowars	...	...	25.
Camel Sowars	...	...	15.

62. The post of the Dafedar was created during the year under report and Dafedar Shiv Lal, a retired Indian Army hand was appointed to the post. The Sowars have Khaki uniforms and are employed as escorts to the Members of the Ruling Family and to carry the State Dak.

63. The Artillery consists of 1 Havildar and 4 gunners.

64. The total expenditure on the Army in the year under report and the previous year is given below:—

	1939-40	1940-41
Shri Bijay Paltan ... ..	19,776	29,520
Fauj ... ..	...	3,534
Risala Khas ... ..	2,734	4,006
Artillery ... ..	504	493
Total ... ..	23,014	37,562

#### Census.

65. Chawdhary Niranjan Das Datt was appointed Census Superintendent with effect from the 3rd January, 1940. Mr. Md Ismail Khan was transferred from the Customs and Excise Department and appointed Assistant Census Superintendent.

66. The preparation of village registers was first undertaken and was completed by the 16th March, 1940. The State territory was divided into charges, circles and blocks and placed under seven charge superintendents, 157 supervisors and 1,938 enumerators.

67. The operations were divided into three parts. The first part of the operations was to take the census of the fixed population, the second part was to take the census of floating population and the third was the revision of the census of the fixed population. The first part was completed before the 28th February, 1941 and the census of the floating population was taken on the 1st March, 1941. The revision of the census of the fixed population and the work of correlating it with the work done on the 1st March, 1941 was completed on the 2nd and 3rd March, 1941.

68. The second stage of the census work was the tabulation and compilation of the facts recorded in the census. This work was commenced on the 16th March, 1941 and was completed on the 31st July, 1941.

69. According to the census of 1941, the population of the State is 2,74,282 having increased since 1931 by 20.51 per cent. The average number of persons per square mile is 188.

70. Two tables showing (1) the area, houses and populations of administrative units and (2) the classification of the population under each administrative unit in communities and the number of literate persons therein are given below:—

TABLE No. I.

*Area, Houses and Population by Administrative Units.*

Administrative Units.	Approximate area in sq. miles.	Inhabited Towns.	Inhabited Villages.	Occupied Houses.	Population.			Percentage of variation.		Number of persons per sq. mile in 1941	Remarks.	
					1941			1931	1931-41			1921-31
					both sexes.							
					Persons.	Males	Females.					
Dungarpur State	1,460	3	776	51,026	2,74,232	1,39,241	1,35,041	+20.54	+20.2	188		
Dungarpur Town	6	1	...	1,878	8,670	4,502	4,168	+1.28	+16.8	14,450		
Bara	470.4	...	228	12,702	67,333	34,075	33,258	+23.92		143		
Chhinsat	161.0	1	99	9,152	44,697	22,407	22,290	+18.33	+20.3	277		
Chorasi	507.0	1	291	16,239	86,342	43,971	42,371	+23.78		170		
Tarpod	321.0	...	158	14,055	67,240	34,286	32,954	+17.69		209		

TABLE No. 2.  
Population under Administrative Units by Community and Literacy.

Administrative Units	Hindus				Muslims				Indian Christians				Sikhs				Jains				Primitive Tribes				Others				Number of Literates								Literate in English	
	Persons		Literate		Persons		Literate		P.		L.		P.		L.		Persons		Literate		P.		L.		P.		L.		Age 0-15		Age 15-20		Age 20 & over		M.	F.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.				
Dungarpur State ...	1,31,407	1,27,742	4,359	302	4,743	4,325	1,130	228	8	7	3	4	2	3,079	2,968	1,704	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,379	177	1,115	133	5,010	351	542	...	8	
Dungarpur Town ...	2,714	2,457	832	130	1,408	1,377	369	18	6	3	6	3	2	370	329	220	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322	65	238	37	873	115	348	...	6
Baya ...	33,574	32,844	534	22	165	89	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	335	323	167	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	133	15	117	8	496	8	17	...	...
Chhatrapati ...	20,568	20,55	1,010	60	1,109	1,072	301	47	...	...	...	...	...	630	653	358	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	301	40	254	32	1,111	73	36	...	...
Chhatrapati ...	41,775	40,376	1,241	67	1,794	1,593	603	162	2	1	1	...	...	400	401	251	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	346	53	285	49	1,465	129	108	...	2
Tal ...	32,676	31,468	742	11	265	194	112	1	...	...	...	...	...	1,344	1,262	708	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	277	4	221	7	1,064	26	33	...	...



71. A third table showing the variation in population since 1881, when the first census was taken, is given below:—

Year	Males	Females	Total	Increase + Decrease -	Percentage of increase + or decrease—
1881 A.D.	44,568	41,861	86,429	...	...
1891 A.D.	49,444	49,004	98,448	+ 12,019	+ 13·9
1901 A.D.	50,050	50,053	1,00,103	+ 1,655	+ 1·7
1911 A.D.	79,105	80,087	1,59,192	+ 59,089	+ 59
1921 A.D.	95,233	94,039	1,89,272	+ 30,080	+ 18·2
1931 A.D.	1,14,480	1,13,064	2,27,544	+ 38,272	+ 20·2
1941 A.D.	1,39,241	1,35,041	2,74,282	+ 46,738	+ 20·5

## CHAPTER III.

## FINANCE.

72. Pandit Lakshmi Shanker, State Accountant.

Personnel.

73. The Accountant was on leave for 5 months and 28 days. Mr. Bijay Lal Jain, B. Com., the Assistant Accountant, officiated for him during this period.

74. The gross income (including the opening balance) of the year under report amounted to Rs. 10,39,374-12-5 as against Rs. 9,56,508-1-7 of the previous year. The total expenditure was Rs. 8,43,863-2-0 as against the previous year's expenditure of Rs. 7,63,283-11-3. Statements of Revenue and Expenditure will be found at the end of this report as Appendices IX and X.

75. During the year under report, the Revenue exceeded the expenditure by Rs. 71,168-11-10; as against the preceding year's surplus of Rs. 15,308-5-2. Out of this surplus, a sum of Rs. 68,881-7-9 was added to the 'Reserves'.

76. The principal variations in Revenue and Expenditure, as compared with preceding year, occurred under the following heads:—

REVENUE			Increase	Decrease
			Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue	...	...	19,781	...
Forests	...	...	26,034	...
Customs	...	...	13,183	...
Excise	...	...	19,574	...
Contribution from the Government of India	...	...	...	9,836
Public Works Department	...	...	7,461	...
Miscellaneous ( Extraordinary )	...	...	...	10,298

## EXPENDITURE.

Army	...	...	11,659	...
Forests	...	...	15,602	...
Ceremonial	...	...	...	20,945
Miscellaneous ( Extraordinary )	...	...	...	7,724
Investments	...	...	55,526	...

77. *Revenue.* The increase under the head 'Land Revenue' is due to increase in the assessment of confiscated villages.

Explanation.

78. The increase under the head 'Forests' is due to the opening of charcoal depots and the use of motor trucks for the transport of forest produce.

79. The increase under the head 'Customs' is due to increased exports, consequent on the prevailing favourable rates of certain commodities and also to increase in imports.

80. The increase under the head 'Excise' is due to the decline in illicit distillation and import.

81. The increase under the head 'P.W.D.' is due to the realisation of arrear demands from the motor service monopolists and also to full realisation of this year's dues.

82. *Expenditure.* The increase under the head 'Army' is due to increase in the strength of the Bijay Paltan and the Risala Khas.

The increase under the head 'Forests' is due to the increased expenditure on motor trucks.

83. The value of the assets at the close of the year was Rs. 6,80,142-15-8 as against Rs. 5,54,451-1-0 at the close of the previous year. The following is a statement of assets and liabilities:—

Liabilities.			Assets.		
	Rs.	as p's		Rs.	as p's
To deposits in Treasury owing to various departments ...	90,744	12 11	<i>By Cash:—</i>		
Provident Fund Reserve Account ...	5,000	0 0	In Treasury ...	1,14,792	8 6
Net Assets. ...	5,84,398	2 9	In various Banks ...	43,937	1 5
			<i>By advances:—</i>		
			With various State Departments ...	1,27,526	13 5
			<i>By Reserves:—</i>		
			State Reserve ...	1,30,406	11 3
			Marriage Reserve ...	1,95,980	15 8
			Grain Reserve ...	14	10 6
			Village Forests Reserve	26,972	12 4
			Provident Fund Reserve	5,000	0 0
			By arrear demands of various departments ...	35,511	6 7
Total --	6,80,142	15 8	Total --	6,80,142	15 8

To the Treasury.

84. The State Treasury remained with the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank. The aggregate sum of Rs. 20,05,038-5-9 changed hands during the year as compared with Rs. 17,87,055-14-2 in the previous year.

85. The income derived from the sale of judicial and non-judicial stamps amounted to Rs. 22,137-3-3 as against Rs. 19,190-4-0 in the previous year. Besides the above, an income of Rs. 3,116-11-3 was derived from registration fees, penalties, deficit stamp duties and the sale of State postage stamps as against the income of Rs. 2,944-7-0 derived from the same sources in the previous year.

Stamps.

86. The expenditure on the printing of Stamps, the manufacture of petition paper, commission to the vendors and refunds on account of unused stamps amounted to Rs. 1,075-12-10, as compared with Rs. 2,381-11-10 in the previous year.

87. In order to ensure that the departments do not spend beyond the sanctioned allotments, a register, known as 'contingent register,' is maintained in the Accounts Office. Every bill is first audited. Then every item in it is entered in the 'contingent register' under the appropriate budget head. If the inclusion of any item in the bill under the appropriate head has the effect of the allotment under the head being exceeded, the bill is returned to the department concerned.

Check on expenditure

88. At the close of the year under report, 106 pensions of the aggregate annual value of Rs. 9,240/- were being paid.

Pensions.

89. At the close of the year the number of members on the Provident Fund Register was 120. The Fund after meeting refunds, stands as deposit with the State Treasury and comprises the following:—

Provident Fund.

	Rs.			
Employees' contribution	...	...	...	4,551- 3-0
State Aid	...	...	...	2,275- 9-6
Interest	...	...	...	189- 3-3
Total	...	...	...	<u>7,015-15-9</u>

90. During the year under report, the accounts of—

Audit.

- (1) the Revenue Office,
- (2) the Police Office,
- (3) the Forest Office,
- (4) the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank,
- (5) the Shri Ganeshji Kuberji Agency at Talod, and
- (6) the Kothar at the Capital

were audited.

## CHAPTER IV.

## The Revenue Department.

## Personnel.

91. Mr. Roop Kishore Gupta, acted as the Revenue Officer up to the 10th March, 1941, when Babu Govind Prasad, a retired Tehsildar of the Central Provinces, was appointed to the post and Mr. Roop Kishore Gupta reverted to his post of Sadar Munsarim.

## Tours.

92. The Revenue Officer was on tour for 26 days, and the Assistant Revenue Officer for 56 days, making a total of 82 days. In 1939-40, the Revenue Officer, the Sadar Munsarim and the Assistant Revenue Officer had toured for 44 days in aggregate.

## Area of cultivated land.

93. The total area of cultivated land is nearly 300 square miles. The aggregate area of cultivated Khalsa lands is 164 square miles and that of Jagir and Muafi lands under cultivation is approximately the same.

## Administrative Divisions.

94. For administrative purposes the State is divided into four Revenue Tafas, namely, Baran, Tarpod, Chhasat and Chaurasi each under a Girdawar.

Revenue Tenures:  
Khalsa, Jagir and Muafi.

95. The total number of villages in the State during the year under report was 815. Of these 410 were Khalsa, 302 Jagir and 103 Muafi villages. The system of tenure in the State is ryotwari. The Darbar are the owner of all land in the State; the cultivator possesses the hereditary right to cultivate his land. He cannot sell it, though he can mortgage it for a maximum period of 20 years. A mortgage for any longer period requires the special sanction of the State. The cultivator is not dispossessed of his holding save for non-payment of rent. The cultivator enjoys these rights whether in Khalsa, Jagir or Muafi. The 302 villages in Jagir are held by the nobles or Jagirdars of the State who comprise—

- (1) the Bhayats, (Rajwies and Haveliwalas). The Bhayats are given Jagirs as "Jivika". They are granted special privileges which are not accorded to the other Jagirdars of the State.
- (2) the "Solah" who enjoy the honour of Tazim,
- (3) the "Battis" or second class Sardars, and
- (4) a great number of minor tankedars known as "Gudabandi".

The Jagirdars are given the right of collecting rents in the villages constituting their Jagirs and cannot alienate any part of the Jagirs by sale, mortgage or gift. If the Jagirdar has to provide for a cadet of his house or give land in lieu of service he has to obtain the special sanction in writing of the Darbar. The Jagirdars are bound to assist the Darbar when called upon to do so with all their resources; and they have to attend State Darbars. In return the

Darbar allow them to hold their estates in some cases free of rent but in most cases they have to pay the tanka or tribute which is supposed to be one third of the Jagirdar's income from his villages, but is at present much less. The Darbar have the right of raising or lowering the tribute at will. Succession to Jagir is governed by the Maurus-i-ala rules which mean that only a lineal male descendant of the original grantee can succeed. The Jagirdars have to pay a Nazrana or succession fee on each succession. The law of primogeniture is general. There are special rules relating to adoption.

96. The 103 muafi villages are held in muafi i. e. free of all rent. There are four kinds of muafis in the State, namely:—

1. Religious grants, 2. Charitable grants, 3. Khidmati grants and 4. Inami grants.

All muafidars are required to abide by the State regulations and are not permitted to alienate any part of their grants; such an alienation involves the forfeiture of the whole of the grant. The holders are not at liberty to adopt whom they please; the written sanction of the Darbar must be obtained, and only lineal descendants of the original grantee are considered capable of inheriting the muafis after adoption. The muafidars are required to pay a cess of one anna in the rupee on the income they receive from the grant held by them.

97. In the year under report, 4 villages (Masana, Khalil, Gamirpura and Dhunda-ki-Dhani) were transferred from Khalsa to Jagir, per contra, 4 villages, (Garha Bhaba, \*Jagabor, \*Dendli and \*Hansiabao) were transferred from Jagir to Khalsa. The asterisked villages formed part of Patta Dhamod and were resumed for non-observance of the Jagir regulations. The muafi-village, Navagaon Farrash was resumed and 15 forest villages were classified as villages. Thus the number of Khalsa villages increased from 394 to 410. of Jagir villages remained stationary and of muafi villages decreased from 104 to 103; the total number increased from 800 to 815.

Grant and resumption of  
Jagirs and Muafi

98. The first settlement was carried out in the years 1904-05 by Mr. A. T. Holme I. C. S., Assistant Resident in Mewar who worked as State Settlement Officer. A cadastral survey with the plane-table was made in the 128 Rasti villages which were assessed, but in the Bhil villages a summary and light assessment was made by inspection. This settlement was for a period of ten years, on the expiration of which in 1914-15 a revised settlement of the Rasti villages and assessment of Bhil villages by 'Bijwa' i. e. on an estimate of seed sown per acre, was carried out by Rai Bahadur Munshi Ganesh Ram Rawat, the Dewan of the State. This settlement was also for a period of ten years and the work of the third settlement was taken in hand in the years 1924-25. Pandit Jamna Lal, Dewan of the State was the Settlement Officer and was assisted by Munshi Munnalal as Assistant Settlement Officer. In this settlement all the Khalsa villages of the State, both Rasti and Bhilwa, were surveyed and assessed and the

Survey & Settlement.

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Survey & Settlement.



period of the settlement was fixed for ten years. No village boundaries however, were demarcated. The period of this settlement expired in 1935 but owing to bad years the term of the settlement was extended for a further period of five years which expired during the year under report and the question of undertaking a revision is under consideration.

Survey and settlement  
of Khalsa, Jagir and  
Muafi villages.

99. Two Khalsa villages and three Jagir villages (under the Court of Wards) which were surveyed last year were assessed to revenue in the year under report. In addition, two muafi villages, 12 forest villages and 8 Khalsa villages were classified and assessed to revenue. Ten Jagir and muafi villages were surveyed. They will be assessed next year.

Irrigation.

100. The following statement shows the increase in the number of wells and tanks in the Khalsa area of the State:—

Date	No. of wells	No. of tanks	Remarks.
At the time of the 1st settlement in 1904.	1,209	206	
At the close of the 2nd settlement in 1924.	2,113	307	
On the 30th September 1940 ... ..	4,229	509	
On the 30th September 1941 ... ..	4,307	514	

It will be seen that 78 new wells were sunk in the year under report and 5 new tanks were constructed. Forty-three tanks were damaged by floods; 8 were repaired.

Kharif & Rabi crops.

101. The following table shows the area under Kharif and Rabi crops:—

Kharif			Rabi		
Name of crop	1939-40	1940-41	Name of crop	1939-40	1940-41
Makki ...	93,397	1,03,395	Wheat ...	19,317	16,554
Sal (Rice) ...	24,853	32,606	Gram ...	8,124	19,288
Til ...	28,064	31,336	Sarson ...	186	1,261
Urd & Mung ...	5,619	5,855	Zira & Methi ...	118	187
Cotton ...	569	548	Barley ...	3,293	4,195
Tobacco ...	188	255	Sugar cane ...	2,084	2,115
Sugar cane ...	1,540	1,679	Cotton ...	480	463
Miscellaneous ...	50,614	73,789	Ginger, Turmeric etc., garden produce ...	465	378
Bahan ...	18,521	5,753	Miscellaneous ...	1,556	473
			Bahan ...	830	353
Total ...	2,23,365	2,55,216	Total ...	36,453	45,267

102. During the year under report the total area under cultivation was 3,00,483 Bighas, including Dofasli 39,060 Bighas. The net area under cultivation was 2,61,423 Bighas as against 2,35,681 Bighas at the close of 1939-40.

103. In the following table the land revenue demand and collections for the year under report are compared with those of the previous year:—

Demand			Collections		
Details	1939-40	1940-41	Details	1939-40	1940-41
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue ...	2,82,188	2,90,615	Land Revenue ...	2,75,156	2,94,938
Arrears ...	5,426	10,603	Remission ...	1,655	218
			Suspension ...	10,803	6,262
Total ...	2,87,614	3,01,418	Total ...	2,87,614	3,01,418

104. The total receipts from the Revenue Department from all sources amounted to Rs. 3,45,113/- as against Rs. 3,27,876/- of the previous year. Details are given below:—

Details	1939-40	1940-41
1. Land Revenue ..	2,60,163	2,78,526
2. Jagirdars' tribute ..	14,993	16,412
3. Contracts ...	...	5
4. Nazrana Talwarbandi ...	1,176	453
5. Adoption fees ...	2,301	2,528
6. Jagirdars' contribution towards State Police ..	1,152	1,152
7. Cess on land revenue ...	18,467	19,479
8. Registration ...	775	769
9. Lekh ...	10,936	9,383
10. Miscellaneous ..	764	450
11. Miscellaneous extraordinary	1,568	1,154
12. Arrears ...	15,581	14,802
Total ...	3,27,876	3,45,113

Taccavi.

105. On the auspicious occasion of his birthday, His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was pleased to grant Rs. 5,000/- to be advanced as Taccavi free of interest for the purpose of digging wells. His Highness was pleased to sanction a set of rules for the purpose and the Revenue Department was directed to pay special attention to the scheme and to make it a success.

106. The taccavi advanced to agriculturists in this year is compared with that advanced in the previous year in the following statement :—

Details	1939-40		1940-41	
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
		Rs.		Rs.
For repairs to and sinking of wells ... ..	90	2,374	32	745
For purchase of bullocks ...	65	897	94	1,293
For miscellaneous purposes ...	...	...	...	200
Total ...	155	3,271	126	2,238

107. The total sum advanced as Taccavi including arrears amounted to Rs. 11,323/-. Out of this amount Rs. 5,704/- were realised, and Rs. 48/- remitted, leaving Rs. 5,571/- in balance.

108. During the year under report a scheme has been sanctioned for providing seeds to agriculturists. It was found by experience that the cultivator, specially the Bhil had difficulty in obtaining seeds from the Banias on reasonable terms. The scheme provides for making seed available to the cultivator by the State. During the year under report 1,620 Udaishahi maunds of makki seed were distributed. The scheme provides that on the harvesting of the crop, the cultivator will repay to the State one and a quarter seers for every seer of seed taken by him. The Banias used to take one and a half to two seers for every seer given by them. It will be seen, therefore, that this provides a boon to the agriculturists.

109. The following is a statement of Agricultural Stock in the Khalsa area of the State :—

Details		1939-40	1940-41	Increase	Decrease
Ploughs	...	52,662	41,262	...	11,400
Carts	...	4,833	6,815	1,982	...
Plough bullocks	...	84,474	82,524	...	1,950
Cows	...	59,686	85,533	25,847	...
Female buffaloes	...	68,132	68,308	176	...
Sheep and goats	...	1,40,160	1,32,104	...	8,056
Other live stock	...	2,00,809	2,05,466	4,657	...
Horses and Mares	...	2,072	2,170	98	...
Colts and fillies	...	370	419	49	...
Donkeys	...	4,201	3,939	...	262
Male buffaloes	...	6,662	7,178	516	...

110. Poppy cultivation in the State was prohibited in 1927 as a measure of cooperation with the Government of India who were anxious to reduce the cultivation of poppy in India. The cultivators to whom poppy was a very paying crop are being encouraged to replace it by crops of commercial value such as sugar cane, tobacco, cotton, zira etc. The statement below shows the area under these crops during the year under report as compared with that of the previous year:—

Commercial crops.

Crop.		Area in Bighas		Increase	Decrease
		1939-40	1940-41		
Cotton	...	169	1,011	842	
Tobacco	...	188	255	67	
Zira and Methi	...	118	187	69	
Sugar cane	...	3,624	3,794	170	

111. The Banjaras and Baniyas generally hire out bullocks for agricultural purposes in the rainy season when they are not used for transport and transit. During the year under report 980 bullocks were hired.

Hired bullocks.

112. Wheat was sold at  $12\frac{1}{2}$  seers ( Bengali ) per rupee in January and at 10 seers (Bengali) per rupee in July; Maize was being sold at 26 seers 11 ohhataks ( Bengali ) in January and at 25 seers 10 ohhataks (Bengali) per rupee in July.

Prices of food-grains.

- (1) The Benishwar Mela, held at the confluence of the Mahi and Som rivers and attended by a large number of devout Hindus ;
- (2) The Pir Fakhruddin Mela at Galiakot, to which come members of the Bohra community from distant lands; and
- (3) The Shri Bijaya Mela at the Capital, held in memory of His late Highness. People from adjoining villages and neighbouring States come in large numbers and exhibitions of Art and agriculture are held during the fair.

114. Village forests are generally under the supervision of the Revenue Department and are set apart to meet the demands of agricultural classes. The income derived from such forests is shown under the head "Forest" and is devoted to works of rural uplift. A sum of Rs.26,973/- was in deposit with the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank under this head at the close of the year under report.

115. The number of cases pending at the close of the last year was 1,537 and 1,346 cases were filed during the year, making a total of 2,883. Of these 1,324 cases were disposed of, leaving 1,559 pending.

116. Five hundred and twenty-six (526) documents of the value of Rs. 92,235/- were registered as compared with 528 documents of the value of Rs. 86,104/-, registered in 1939-40; an income of Rs. 607/- was derived as against Rs. 755/- in the previous year.

117. In the year under report the rainfall at the Capital was 37.68 inches. For details see Appendix III.

The economic condition of the people was on the whole satisfactory.

118. A Marketing Board was constituted with effect from the 1st May, 1940 under the Presidentship of B. Suwalal Rawat, Superintendent of Customs and Excise. The President and the members of the Board are appointed for the period of one year. The following appointments were made on the 1st May, 1940 :—

- |    |                                  |        |           |
|----|----------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| 1. | Superintendent, Customs & Excise |        | President |
| 2. | Revenue Officer                  | ... .. | Member    |
| 3. | Nagar Seth                       | ... .. | "         |
| 4. | Patua Nathulal                   | ... .. | "         |
| 5. | Bohora Mohammad Ali              | ... .. | "         |
| 6. | Daroga Toshakhana                | ... .. | Secretary |

By a Firman dated 24th April, 1941, these gentlemen were re-appointed to the Board for a further period of one year.

The Board held 15 sittings. It fixed rates for the State Kothar ( Granary ) and maximum rates for traders. These rates are published in the Rajyapatra from time to time.

Owing to the hailstorms which occurred in March, 1941, the wheat crop was badly damaged and the price soared up. The Board made satisfactory arrangements for the adequate supply of wheat to the Capital at the fixed rate.

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## CHAPTER V.

## The Customs and Excise Department.

**Personnel.** 119. Babu Suwalal Rawat, Superintendent of Customs and Excise.

**Tour.** 120. The Superintendent was on tour for 13 days. Shah Mohan Lalji, who acted for the Superintendent from the 29th January to the 19th February, 1941, was on tour for 5 days.

## ( I ) CUSTOMS.

**Tariff.** 121. Changes in the Customs Tariff were made according to the circumstances obtaining during the year.

**Concessions to develop fairs.** 122. The concessions in import and export duties usually given in connection with the Shri Bijay Mela and Benishwarji Fair were maintained in the current year.

**Exports and Imports.** 123. The total volume of exports and imports is compared below with that of the preceding year:—

Exports			Imports		
Description of goods	1939-40	1940-41	Description of goods	1939-40	1940-41
	*Maunds	*Maunds		*Maunds	*Maunds
Ghee ...	3,137	4,086	Cloth ..	5,108	6,837
Oil and oil seeds	12,712	23,403	Tobacco ...	3,569	2,049
Grains ...	4,452	6,13	Sugar .	7,294	9,243
Gum ..	1,336	1,075	Salt	17,156	21,395
Gur ..	404	390	Gur ...	1,523	2,212
Cotton ..	1,124	1,534	Piece goods	1,113	1,375
Hemp and wool	789	784	Kirana ...	6,147	5,535
Mahua ...	...	1	Other articles	6,534	5,646
Other articles ...	9,021	4,682			
Total ...	32,975	42,089	Total ...	48,444	54,292
Hides(in number)	43,281	54,584	Machinery (worth Rs.) ..	12,300	12,293
Cattle ,,	41,466	41,009	Timber (in carts) ...	338	302
Poultry ,,	621	315	Post parcels (in tolas) ..	1,65,676	1,82,223
Shoes (in pairs)...	11,757	14,015	Petrol (in gallons) ...	7,354	11,049

\* Udaishahi Maund ( 1 Seer=100 tolas ).

124. It is estimated that in the year under report goods of the total value of Rs. 12,44,056/- were imported and of the total value of Rs. 5,53,255/- were exported.

125. The customs revenue for the year amounted to Rs. 1,25,872/-. In the following table these are compared in detail with those of the preceding year:—

Heads of revenue			1939-40	1940-41
Exports	...	...	41,513	49,194
Imports	...	...	63,18	66,065
Fines etc.	...	...	2,558	2,692
Kanta Huq	...	...	8,124	8,928
Cattle grazing	...	...	4,092	1,833
Contribution from Municipality & Forests	...	...	1,560	1,560
Total	...	...	1,20,985	1,30,267
Deduct revenue transferred to " Forests "	...	...	6,804	3,382
„ for concessions in fairs	...	...	696	1,013
Net customs revenue	...	...	1,14,045	1,25,872

126. The grazing of Banjara cattle was allowed. The grazing charges yielded Rs. 1,833/- as against Rs. 4,092/- in the previous year. The revenue was transferred to ' Forests '.

Grazing.

127. As the Lomadic Banjaras habitually lift cattle and attempt to evade the payment of customs dues, a police constable is deputed to remain with, and look after, every gang from which a regulated charge is made. The aggregate realisation from this charge in the year under report amounted to Rs. 148/-.

128. The export duty on minor forest produce such as gum, lac, honey, wax, mahua, punwar, timber, asbestos, anwal bark etc., collected during the year, amounted to Rs. 1,549/- as against Rs. 2,212/- of the previous year. The income was credited under the head " Forests " as usual.

Minor Forest Produce,

129. The number of cases instituted and disposed of for breaches of the Customs Act and Grazing and other rules in the year under report and in the previous year is given in the following table:—

-Customs cases.



Offences			1939-40	1940-41	Remarks.
Customs Act	...	...	735	716	
Grazing Rules	...	...	78	72	
Motor Vehicles Act ( Road-tax )	..		1	6	
Rules regulating stone quarries			3	1	
Circular No. 139 prohibiting over-loading of animals	..		4	5	
Rules for the realisation of road tax from bullock carts and tongas	...		3	2	
Miscellaneous	...	..	1	68	
Total	...		825	870	

## ( II ) EXCISE.

## ( a ) LIQUOR.

Distillery Contractor.

130. The contract for the distillation and supply of country liquor was given for a period of 2 years commencing from the 1st October 1940 to Messrs Manilal and Motilal, Kalals of Dungarpur. Certain changes were made in the rates for the supply of liquor.

Distillation of liquor and its issue to licensees and vendors.

131. The statement given below shows the quantities of liquor distilled and issued to the retail vendors, during the year under report and preceding year:—

Details		Quantity in L. P. Gallons	
		1939-40	1940-41
Stock in hand at opening of the year	...	7,708.6	6,858.0
Distilled during the year	...	53,051.1	61,659.2
Total	...	60,759.7	68,516.2
Issued to retail vendors	...	26,125.9	38,145.8
Returned for redistillation	...	26,765.5	28,866.8
Dryage and wastage	...	1,010.3	1,231.0
Total	...	53,901.7	68,243.1
Stock in hand at the close of the year	...	6,858.0	5,273.1
Total	...	60,759.7	68,516.2

Number of shops and quantity of retail sale.

132. The number of retail shops remained the same as in the preceding year, namely, 142. An auction for granting licenses for the retail sale of liquor was held on the 16th August, 1941. Licenses were issued to 19 shops for an aggregate fee of Rs. 6,837/-. The remaining 123 shops were given to retail vendors on the system of commission; the yield from this is estimated at about Rs. 10,000/-.

The quantity of liquor sold by the retail vendors is given below:—

Quality	1939-40	1940-41
30° U. P. ...	Gallons 1,089	Gallons 1,215
60° U. P. ...	63,152	80,533
Masaledar ( bottles ) ..	828	763

133. The following is a statement showing the revenue derived from liquor in the year under report and the preceding year:—

Heads of revenue	1939-40	1940-41
Duty realised ...	Rs. 49,260	Rs. 64,692
License fee of retail shops ...	18,530	21,995
Fines ...	1,350	900
Miscellaneous ...	441	594
Total	69,581	88,181
Deduct compensation paid to the distillery contractor for the increased cost of mahua ..		4,222
Total ..	69,581	83,959

134. During the year under report, 263 prosecutions were instituted for illicit distillation, smuggling etc., as against 249 in the preceding year; 246 cases were disposed of, leaving 17 pending.

Excise cases.

( b ) OPIUM AND HEMP DRUGS.

135. Opium is imported for local consumption and is sold through Customs Nakedars and commission agents. The statement given below shows the sale proceeds and net profit of the year under report compared with the sale proceeds and net profit of the last year:—

Opium.

Year	Quantity sold in pounds.	Sale proceeds in rupees	Net profit in rupees
1939-40	2,093	40,807	27,316
1940-41	2,571	50,127	32,336

Opium cases.

136. During the year under review, 5 prosecutions were instituted for breach of opium laws and were disposed of.

Hemp drugs.

137. The sale of, and revenue derived from, Ganja and Bhang are shown in the following statement:—

Drugs	Sale in 'Tolas		Sale proceeds in rupees		Remarks.
	1939-40	1940-41	1939-40	1940-41	
Ganja ...	25,687	28,229	2,569	2,823	
Bhang ...	64,856	65,647	2,013	1,026	

The net profit was Rs. 2,948/- as against Rs. 2,773/- in the preceding year.

Excise revenues.

138. The following table gives the revenue under each head with the figures for the preceding year:—

Heads	1939-40	1940-41	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	
Excise ...	69,581	83,959	
Opium ...	27,316	32,336	
Ganja and Bhang ...	2,773	2,948	
Total ...	99,670	1,19,243	

Match Excise

139. In 1934, His Highness' Government entered into an agreement with the Government of India in regard to the imposition of an excise duty on matches and the distribution of receipts. Rs. 3,691/- were received from the Government of India in 1940-41 on this account as against Rs. 13,527/- in 1939-40. The decrease is due to only the first instalment being received during the financial year. The second instalment was received after the close of the year and has been credited to the accounts for 1941-42.

Kasauti.

140. There has existed in the State since ancient times an institution calculated to ensure that the purchaser gets ornaments and articles of pure gold or silver or containing alloys in known and certified proportions. This is the Chauksi system. But the old arrangements by which the Chauksi worked as a contractor proved most unsatisfactory and to minimise the chances of the people being cheated the passing of a law became necessary; hence a law providing for the compulsory examination of ornaments and other articles made of gold and silver by a nominated functionary called the Chauksi, the

certification of such ornaments by the Chauksi, the payment of commission for such examination and certification and other connected matters was sanctioned under Firman No. 255 dated the 5th December, 1940. The law came into effect on and from the 5th January, 1941. Firman No. 256, dated the 5th December, 1940 sanctioned rules supplementing the provisions of the aforesaid law. It has been provided that a Chauksi may be appointed in any place in which gold and silver ornaments are bought and sold in considerable quantities.

141. Chauksi shops have been established at the following places:—

1. Dungarpur, 2. Sagwara, 3. Galiakot, 4. Sabla,
5. Bhiloda and Khargada, 6. Obri, and 7. Aspur.

142. The Chauksi is required to examine the ornament or the article sent to him and to certify whether it contains any alloy and if so the quantity of the alloy. A fixed commission is charged for this and accounts are kept on prescribed Registers.

143. In 1939-40 Rs. 2,173/- were realised as huq chauksi; in the year under report Rs. 2,596/- were realised.

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## CHAPTER VI.

## The Forest Department.

## Personnel.

144. Pandit Uma Shanker Pathak, Superintendent of Forests.

145. The forests of the State are classified into—

(1) State Reserves, which consist of—

(a) Reserve No. I, including the game preserves, of an aggregate area of 96,235 Bighas, in which cutting is prohibited, and

(b) Reserve No. II of an aggregate area of about 8,32,835 Bighas, which provides timber for the needs of the people;  
and

(2) Village Forests which consist of—

(a) protected village forests of an aggregate area of about 40,000 Bighas;

(b) unclassified village forests to meet the requirements of the agriculturists and of an aggregate area of about 10,71,100 Bighas, of which some are under the supervision of the Revenue Department, some under the supervision of the Forest Department and some under that of Jagirdars; and

(c) Devasthan reserve of an aggregate area of about 1,000 Bighas.

146. For the purpose of departmental supervision, the forests are divided into three ranges – Eastern, Western and Southern – each under the charge of a ranger.

147. The forests of the State are mixed forests and most of them are hilly. Trees of comparatively bigger girth are few. When a Sagwan tree attains a girth of more than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, rot sets in. Under these conditions the following methods of treatment are adopted:—

- (i) improvement felling,
- (ii) coppice with standard,
- (iii) selection felling,
- (iv) clear felling.

## Afforestation

148. The growth of trees, particularly of the more valuable ones, such as Sagwan (*Tactona Grandis*) Sadar (*Terminalia Tomen-tosa*) Kamra (*Stephegyne parvefolia*) Haldaru (*Adina cordifolia*) and Timru (*Diospyros malanoxylon*) was satisfactory. In certain areas the growth of bamboo trees was remarkably vigorous. The growth of grass too was appreciably better than in the previous year.

149. Fresh plantings were protected. Thinning was carried out by eliminating useless trees. Trees which had suffered from fire, disease or frost were systematically felled. Promising plants were established and climbers and parasites were destroyed. In regions where there is pure regeneration, the use of coppice for raising new jungles is being made and one such plot is prepared every year. Special attention is paid to pure regeneration. The result achieved has so far been satisfactory. In some jungles there was danger of fires breaking out because of the excessive growth of fire-wood. Cleaning operations were, therefore, undertaken. The removal of dry bamboos has not only brought income but provided room for the growth of new bamboos.

150. In extending the growth of Sagwan (*tectona grandis*) the use of coppice shoots has been found to be more profitable than the use of seedlings.

Artificial Production.

151. Not much work was done at the nursery in the year under report. The number of plantations has not increased. A few aloe and tung plants were imported and established. Their condition is satisfactory.

Nursery & Plantation.

152. A number of areas was subjected to clear felling, the shoots are in a satisfactory condition.

Clear felling.

153. In the years 1938-39 and 1939-40 pure catechu was manufactured and sold. In the year under report catechu of the Cawnpore quality was manufactured. The net income from this was Rs. 4,813/-.

Manufacture of Catechu.

154. In those parts of the reserve forests where afforestation is not possible or remunerative and agriculture appears to be a practical proposition, new settlement is encouraged.

Dis-Afforestation.

Fourteen (14) new forest villages had been established before the year under report; 12 of these have been surveyed and assessed to revenue. In the year under report 2 new forest villages were established and 2 villages were declared to be forest villages. The forest villages are under the administration of the Revenue Department.

155. In order to meet the demands of the Capital, the Department maintains a godown in which timber, firewood, grass and charcoal are stored. Fourteen bullock carts are employed for transport. The total income from the sale of firewood, charcoal and timber in the whole State amounted to Rs. 3,180/-.

Marketing of Forest produce etc.

156. In addition to quarries of stone, clay, and patwā stone, asbestos, mica, apatite, kynite, red oxide of iron, lead ore, iron ore, manganese, oxide of mercury, copper ore, copper pyrites, talc, pot-stone, calcite, garnet, graphite, rock-crystal, kaolin, white marble and cement are found in the State. Coloured earths are also found.

Mines & mineral ores.

Khari.

Khari or salt brine is manufactured in the State. It is used mostly for curing hides and skins and is given to cattle. The Bhils refine the khari and use it as a substitute for salt. The economic exploitation of this wealth is made difficult by the absence of good roads and other means of communication. In the circumstances, it is particularly gratifying to note that in the year under report the income from mines and mineral ores increased to Rs. 7,163/-, that is by Rs. 4,302/-.

157. The department has now three motor trucks of its own which are used for transporting forest produce to Talod.

Survey & demarcation  
of forest boundaries

158. The following Reserve Forests were demarcated by the erection of pillars:—

(1) Likhatiya Forest, Panchkundi Reserve, (2) Ambara-Kochri and Ambakua Reserve, (3) Reserve No. II Kaliari, (4) Bir in Vor-ka-Vadla (Kanthal), and (5) Reserve No. II Gamri.

The following forests were surveyed:—

(1) Reserve No. II, Gamri, (2) Bir Gamri, and (3) Malvan of Gangeshwarji, Gamri.

Grass Reserve.

159. Grass is stored in 13 different depots. At the end of the year under report, the reserve amounted to 13,000 maunds.

Revenue &amp; Expenditure.

160. The income of the department during the year under report compared with that of the previous year is shown below:—

Sub-head	1939-40	1940-41
Royalty on timber	14,633	17,961
Godown profits	5,543	23,672
Forest contracts	4,450	1,706
Minor produce	9,073	7,468
Grazing dues	4,092	1,767
Camel grazing	5,079	7,121
Miscellaneous	2,648	2,235
Quarry-tax	2,861	7,163
Village forests	1,103	2,457
Revenue of forest villages	46	104
Catechu proceeds	...	4,408
Total	49,528	76,062

The expenditure increased from Rs. 28,459/- in 1939-40 to Rs. 44,060/- in this year.

161. Fires broke out in the forests of Mewara, Palisora and Dungarpur. The fires in the first two forests were found to have spread from foreign territory. All the three fires were extinguished without any extensive damage having been done.

Forest fires.

162. As usual, the Forest Department demonstrated at the annual Vijay Mela Fair the industrial and commercial possibilities of the State Forests. Lac-dyes, paints, fibres, varnish, ropes, terpentine, extracts for tanning leather etc. were exhibited.

Exhibition of forest produce.

163. Prosecutions instituted for breach of forest laws in the year under report and in the previous year are tabulated below:—

Year	Pending from previous year	Instituted during the year	Total	Disposed of	Pending at the close of the year
1939-40	59	568	627	607	20
1940-41	20	643	663	638	25



## CHAPTER VII.

## State Bank.

164. The Diwan is the Head Munim of the Bank by virtue of his office. Kotadia Nanchand was the Munim of the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank. Seth Motilal was the Munim of the Vasudeo Murli-dhar Branch at Sagwara.

165. During the year under report the Rules for the guidance of the business of the Bank and its branches were revised and a new set of rules has been brought into force. The rate of interest both on loans and deposits was reduced.

166. The net profit of the bank during the Vikrami year 1907 ( A. D. 1940-41 ) amounted to Rs. 20,881/- as against Rs. 20,602/- in the previous year as the following statement shows :—

Income				Exp n'iture			
Details	Dungarpur Bank	Sagwara Bank	Total	Details	Dungarpur Bank	Sagwara Bank	Total
Interest and Hundawan ...	35,620	5,941	41,561	Interest and Hundawan ..	15,521	1,740	17,261
Profit on sale of gold, cloth etc.	1,264	...	1,264	Office establish-ment and Con-tingencies ...	2,547	1,007	3,554
Miscellaneous ...	470	36	506	Miscellaneous & Festivals ...	511	126	637
				Bonus ...	185	...	185
				Buildings ...	650	...	650
				Loss in sugar ...	163	...	163
				Total ...	10,557	2,873	22,450
				Profit ...	17,777	3,104	20,881
Total ...	37,354	6,977	43,331	Grand Total ...	37,354	5,977	43,331

167. The balance sheet of the Bank on the first day of the month of Kartik of Vikrami Samvat year 1998 is printed below :—

Liabilities				Assets			
Details	Dungarpur Bank	Sagwara Bank	Total	Details	Dungarpur Bank	Sagwara Bank	Total
Reserve Fund ...	70,739	—	70,739	Loans advanced on security ..	70,270	9,294	79,564
Chauthan Reserve fund ...	91,226	25,084	1,16,310	Loans advanced without security ..	2,09,791	18,590	2,28,381
Loan due by Sagwara branch ...	—	88,456	88,456	Other loans ..	1,60,892	10,692	1,71,584
State Deposit ..	29,985	—	29,985	Reserve Sagwara Bank ..	88,456	—	88,456
Public Deposits .	2,87,865	28,079	3,15,944	Hundies and Purjas ...	10,000	25,995	35,995
Other Deposits .	85,118	1,712	86,830	Cash certificates ..	83,088	—	83,088
				Dead stock ..	20,966	—	20,966
				Cash balance ...	44,247	26,864	71,111
Total ..	5,61,938	88,831	6,50,769				
Net Profit ...	17,777	3,104	20,881				
Total ...	5,82,710	91,485	6,74,145	Total ...	5,82,710	91,485	6,74,145

## CHAPTER VIII.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

## 1. The Judicial Minister.

168. Rao Bahadur Mr. Chunilal H. Setalvad, C.I.E., Bar-at-law, Retired Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, was appointed Judicial Minister on the 1st January, 1941. In accordance with the terms of appointment, he visited the State during the months of February and June, 1941. Thirty-five appeals and applications in revision were disposed of. In February, 1941 he visited the Jail and the Civil and Criminal Courts at Dungarpur and submitted his inspection reports to His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur.

## 2. The Raj Shasan Sabha.

Personnel.

169. The Sabha is composed of nominated Sardars, State Officials and prominent citizens. Maharaj Shri Virbhadr Singhji Sahib, M. A., (Oxon), the Musahib-i-Ala, was the President and the following were members of the Sabha:—

- |  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| 1. Thakur Sangram Singhji of Peith,          | Tazimi Jagirdar Member |
| 2. Thakur Nahar Singhji of Ora,              | " " "                  |
| 3. Thakur Fateh Singhji of Solaj,            | " " "                  |
| 4. Thakur Umaid Singhji of Padla—            |                        |
|  | Sakani, " " "          |
| 5. Pandit Ramcharan Misra, Private Secy.,    | Official Member        |
| 6. Mr. Govind Prasad, Revenue Officer,       | " "                    |
| 7. Pandit Bhanwar Lal Sharma, B. A., LL. B., |                        |
|  | Mir Munshi, " "        |
| 8. Thakur Darel Singh of Kheda-Kachwasa,     | Jagirdar Member        |
| 9. Thakur Guman Singh of Padla-Thoor,        | " "                    |
| 10. Patuwa Nathulal,                         | Public Member          |
| 11. Mulla Gulam Ali,                         | " "                    |
| 12. Vakharia Dadamchand,                     | " "                    |
| 13. Doshi Gulabchand,                        | " "                    |
| 14. Dawra Hiralal,                           | " "                    |

170. The Sabha is a legislative body. A list of laws in force in the State is given in Appendix II. In the year under report, the following enactments were passed and received the sanction of His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur:—

1. Kanoon Kasoti,
2. Forest Act, ( Act No. 1 of 1941 ),
3. Dungarpur Civil Procedure Act, 1941 ( Act No. 2 of 1941 )
4. Dungarpur Motor Vehicles Act, 1941 ( Act No. 3 of 1941 ),

171. The powers of a Sessions Court in criminal cases and of a High Court in civil suits are vested in the Sabha.

172. The Sabha held 25 sittings. The number of sessions cases and civil and criminal appeals disposed of by the Sabha is given in Appendices IV and V. The Sabha did not try any civil suit in the exercise of its original jurisdiction. The number of persons committed for trial in the year under report was 25 as against 10 in the previous year. The Sabha also disposed of one trial which was instituted in the previous year. Seventeen ( 17 ) persons were convicted and 6 were acquitted; 3 trials remained pending at the close of th year. Twenty criminal and 43 civil appeals, including 3 criminal and 8 civil appeals pending from the previous year, came up before the Sabha, which disposed of 19 criminal and 30 civil appeals, leaving 1 criminal and 13 civil appeals pending at the close of the year.

Case work.

### 3. The District Magistrate.

173. The Diwan exercises the powers of a District Magistrate. The statement below shows the number of cases disposed of by the District Magistrate during the year :—

Cases pending from last year	Cases instituted during the year	Total	Cases disposed of	Balance
1	3	4	3	1

### 4. The Subordinate Civil and Criminal Courts.

174. Mr. Narsingh Das, M. A., LL. B., Civil Judge,

Personnel.

Gaur Jawahir Lal, M. A., LL. B., First Class Magistrate,

Munshi Mohammad Hussain, Officiating Second Class Magistrate and Munsiff, Sagwara.

175. The Civil Judge at Dungarpur is empowered to hear and decide suits of every description up to a maximum value of Rs. 3,000/-. He is further empowered to hear appeals from the decisions of the Munsiff at Sagwara. Appeals from the decisions of the Civil Judge and applications for revision thereof lie to the Shasan Sabha.

Jurisdiction.

176. The following table gives figures relating to the disposal of—

Case work.

( a ) civil appeals by the Civil Judge at Dungarpur,

( b ) civil suits by the Civil Judge at Dungarpur and the Munsiff at Sagwara, and

( c ) applications for execution of decrees by the Civil Judge at Dungarpur and the Munsiff at Sagwara:—

Nature of work	Year	Pending from last year	Instituted or made during the year	Total	Disposed of	Pending at the close of the year
Appeals	1939-40	2	5	7	4	3
	1940-41	3	3	5	4	1
Civil suits	1939-40	358	993	1,351	857	494
	1940-41	494	1,061	1,555	1,080	475
Applications for execution of decrees	1939-40	482	452	934	581	353
	1940-41	353	1,063	1,416	889	527

**Criminal work.**

177. The offences reported during the year numbered 683 as against 806 offences reported in the previous year. Of the 1,826 persons involved, 182 were convicted in the Courts of the Magistrates, 407 were discharged, cases relating to 633 were compounded, 35 were acquitted, 25 were committed for trial to the Shasan Sabha and 46 died or absconded during the pendency of the prosecutions; thus 498 awaited trial at the close of the year.

178. Five (5) appeals were filed in the Court of the 1st Class Magistrate at Dungarpur from the sentences passed by the II Class Magistrate at Sagwara. Out of which 4 were disposed of and 1 remained pending at the close of the year.

179. Eighty-three (83) miscellaneous cases were pending at the opening of the year under report and 116 were instituted during the year, making a total of 199. Out of these 166 were disposed of, leaving 33 pending.

180. Full details of the cases instituted and disposed of by the various courts in the State during the year are given in Appendices V to VII.

**Receipts.**

181. The total receipts from court fees, fines and bona vacantia amounted to Rs. 23,815-3-11 as against Rs. 24,133-12-6 of the previous year.

**Stamp Officer.**

182. Up to the 31st July, 1941, the Civil Judge worked as Stamp Officer. With effect from the 1st of August, 1941, Mr. P. K. Shunglu was appointed Stamp Officer.

**5. Izlai Ghair.****Personnel.**

183. Gaur Jawahir Lal, M. A., LL. B., Hakim Izlai Ghair.

This section deals with extradition and Border Court cases.

184. An extradition treaty, on reciprocal basis, exists between the State and British India.

Extradition.

Similar extradition agreements have been concluded with Alwar, Balasinor, Banswara, Bikaner, Dhar, Gwalior, Idar, Indore, Jaora, Jhabua, Jodhpur, Kadana, Kushalgarh, Lunawara, Mewar, Partabgarh, Ratlam, Sailana, Shahpura, Sitamau and Vijaynagar.

185. An agreement for the surrender of fugitive criminals on a reciprocal basis was concluded with the Sant State with effect from the 1st June, 1941, for a period of one year in the first instance.

Details of extradition cases with various States are given in the following table:—

State	Dungarpur versus other States					Other States versus Dungarpur				
	Pending	Instituted	Total	Disposed of	Balance	Pending	Instituted	Total	Disposed of	Balance
1 Balasinor	1	...	1	1	...	1...	...	1	1	...
2 Banswara	10	4	14	10	4	4	5	9	6	3
3 British India	3	...	3	2	1	1	2	3	1	2
4 Idar	4	...	4	3	1	2	...	2	2	...
5 Kadana	1	3	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	...
6 Lunawara	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...
7 Mewar	29	17	46	19	27	17	16	33	12	21
8 Sant	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	1
9 Other States	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1
Total	48	25	73	36	37	27	25	52	24	28

187. In August 1938, the Mewar Government made the suggestion that when stolen cattle are traced and seized in another State, they should be immediately handed over on the requisition of the Police Officer of the State in which the theft was committed and not kept in custody pending the receipt of the prima facie evidence. It was further suggested that if from examination of the prima facie case, the State requested to surrender the cattle considers that the prima facie evidence is not sufficient to warrant the surrender, the State which has received the stolen property should, on demand, forthwith return the same to the surrendering State. His Highness' Government agreed to this suggestion and an agreement on a reciprocal basis was entered into for a period of one year. As the new procedure was found to have worked satisfactorily, a permanent agreement was concluded with effect from the beginning of the year 1940.

188. No Border Court was held during the year under report.

Border Court,

## 6. Jail.

## Personnel.

189. Gaur Jawahir Lal, M.A., LL.B., was the Superintendent of Jail up to the 30th April, 1941.

Gandhi Rooplal B.A., LL.B., was appointed Superintendent with effect from the 1st May.

Daya Balwant, Daroga, Jail.

## Visitors' Board.

190. A Board of visitors has been appointed for the Dungarpur Jail. The President of the City Municipal Board is ex-officio President of this Board and there are 2 official and 2 non-official members. The Board has to visit the Jail once in every four months. The members are appointed by His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur for a period of 3 years.

## Statistics.

191. The following table gives the statistics:—

Year	No. of Prisoners						Average number of days for which prisoners remained under trial	Remarks.
	From last year	Admitted during the year.	Total	Released or who died	At the close of the year	Daily average		
1939-40	92	182	274	590	534	87	36	In the last year's report through an oversight the figures were shown as 90 & 184 respectively.
1940-41	84	164	248	150	98	87	44	

## Expenditure.

192. The total expenditure incurred on the Jail was Rs. 5,236/- as against Rs. 5,255/- incurred in 1939-40.

The prisoners work in the Jail work-shop, the State Press and the gardens.

## Health.

193. The general health of the prisoners was good and their conduct was, on the whole, satisfactory. One prisoner died during the year under report.

## Jail work-shop, outturn of

194. Cloth and Durries of the aggregate value of Rs. 217/- were in stock at the opening of the year, of Rs. 428/- were manufactured during the year, and of Rs. 525/- were sold, leaving in hand at the end of the year a stock worth Rs. 120/-.

195. Under commands from His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur, arrangements have been made for giving religious instructions to the inmates of the Jail twice every month.

## 7. Police.

196. Rao Sahib Kunwar Fateh Singh Punwar, Superintendent of Police.

Personnel.

197. The Force is constituted under Firman of His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur and is governed by the Dungarpur Police Act, 1903. Its strength at the end of the year was 310 as compared with 297 at the end of the year 1939-40. There were 1 Superintendent, 2 Inspectors, 10 Sub-Inspectors, 8 Moharrirs, 1 Drill Master, 33 Havildars and 255 constables.

Police strength

198. The Police has Khaki uniform and the men are equipped with 150 muskets of .410 bore, 25 Enfield rifles of .303 bore and 50 muzzle loading guns. The officers are armed with pistols and revolvers.

Uniform and Arms.

199. Three Sub-Inspectors and 19 men received increments and rewards were given to 3 Sub-Inspectors and 17 men. One moharrir was punished departmentally. Two constables were convicted under section 29 of the Police Act, one for gambling and the other under section 182 of the Penal Code. Eight constables were dismissed for absence from duty. One Court Inspector, 2 moharrirs, 1 Havildar and 7 constables were degraded; 1 Inspector, 5 Sub-Inspectors, 4 moharrirs and 49 constables were fined.

Increments and punishments.

200. There are 8 Thanas and 14 chowkies. The strength maintained at each Thana is given below:—

Thanas and Chowkis.

Thana	Thanedar	Moharrir	Havildar	Constables	Remarks.
Dungarpur ...	3	1	2	19	
Sagwara ...	1	1	2	18	
Galiakot	1	1	1	14	
Dhambola ...	1	1	1	9	
Kanba ...	1	1	1	9	
Ganeshpur ...	1	1	1	9	
Aspur ...	1	1	1	10	
Nithawa ...	...	...	2	6	



201. Every chowki is in charge of a Havildar and at 12 chowkies there are 4 constables; the chowki at Piplada is manned by 3 constables and that at Kuan is manned by only 2 constables.

## Investigation.

202 In the table given below, the investigation work done by the Police during the year under report is compared with that done in the previous year:—

Year	Number of crimes	No. of Persons						No of persons Challenged				Percentage of persons Convicted to those Challenged
		Pending investigation at the close of the last year	Arrested during the year	Total	Released by Police, offences not being proved	Challenged	Pending investigation at the close of the year	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Pending trial in Courts	Total	
1939-40	505	...	464	464	28	405	31	178	127	100	405	44
1940-41	361	31	387	418	31	375	12	159	131	85	375	42

## Serious Offences.

203. The number of serious offences reported during this year is compared with that of the preceding year in the following table:—

Crimes			1939-40	1940-41
1. Theft	...	...	190	131
2. Robbery	...	..	33	16
3. Murder	...	...	2	4
4. Burglary	...	..	162	113
5. Attempt to murder	...	...	1	...
6. Attempt to commit lurking house-trespass	...	..	16	7
7. Culpable homicide	...	...	2	3
8. Dacoity	...	...	1	2
Total			407	276

## Property stolen and recovered.

204. In the year under report, property worth Rs. 23,585/- was stolen as against property worth Rs. 24,203/- stolen in the previous year and property worth Rs. 6,617/- was recovered as against property worth Rs. 4,485/- recovered in the previous year.

205. The work of the bureau is carried on by a trained clerk. Ninty-four ( 94 ) finger impression slips of 86 convicts were sent for being recorded to the Bureau at Ajmer. Search slips of 57 persons were prepared and sent to the different bureaux and 2 persons were traced in this way.

Finger Print Bureau.

206. The following table shows the expenditure incurred on the Police force :—

Expenditure

Head	1939-40	1940-41	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	
Pay ...	39,682	40,333	
Travelling allowance ...	1,996	1,648	
Contingencies ...	3,779	4,407	
Total ...	45,457	46,388	

## CHAPTER IX.

## DEPARTMENTS OF PUBLIC UTILITY.

## 1. The Education Department.

Charge

207. The Musahib-i-Ala is also the Superintendent of Education. The routine work is done by the Head Master of Shri Maharawal High School.

Number of schools

208. The total number of schools is now 65, as compared with last year as shown below:—

Shri Maharawal High School, Dungarpur	...	1
Pinhey School, Dungarpur	...	1
A. V. Town School, Sagwara	...	1
Girls' Schools at Dungarpur, Sagwara and Simalwara		3
Village Schools	...	16
Jagir Schools	...	9
Schools run by the Vagad Seva Sangh, Dungarpur		9
Other private schools ( including 1 Harijan school )		12
Denominational institutions	...	13
Total	...	65

209. There are 16 night schools for adults, 4 of which are run by the department and 12 by the Seva Sangh.

Opening ceremony of the  
Damdi village school.

210. His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was pleased to perform the opening ceremony of the Damdi Village school on the 9th November, 1940.

Number of students.

211. The number of boys in all the schools was 5,165 and that of girls 440. The daily average attendance of boys was 1963 and of girls 180. The percentage to the population of boy students was 3.08 and of girl students .32. The number of students on the roll of the Shri Maharawal High School was 375 as against 348 in the previous year and on the roll of the Pinhey School was 341 as against 319 in the previous year.

Attendance in schools

212. For the average attendance in the various schools in the State see Appendix VIII.

Expenditure.

213. The total expenditure incurred on schools run by the State was Rs. 30,850/- as against Rs. 30,670/- incurred in the previous year. The cost of education works out at about two annas per head of the population and at about one rupee per head of the school-going age population.

Aid to Harijan schools.

214. A sum of Rs. 300/- is annually given as aid to the Harijan schools.

215. There are 16 teachers in Shri Maharawal High School, of whom 8 are graduates, including one trained graduate. One graduate teacher is receiving training at Ajmer. Eleven candidates were sent up for the High School Examination of the Rajputana Board of whom 6 came out successful and two were placed in compartment. One candidate obtained distinction in mathematics. In the school annual examinations, 75 per cent of the total number of examinees were declared successful.

Shri Maharawal High School : staff & results.

216. Stipends of a total annual value of Rs. 3,220/- were given to 11 students for higher education. One stipendiary who is a Bhil, is studying law, 2 are studying engineering and 8 are receiving general University education.

217. Moral and religious education continued to receive the careful attention of the religious instructor. For classes VI to IX prescribed courses of study have been in use since July, 1940.

Moral and religious education.

218. The Rajput Boarding house is located for the present in the town. The number of Boarders is now 29.

Rajput Boarding House.

219. A private chhatralaya is run by Pandit Bhogilal Pandya, a teacher of Shri Maharawal High School in a house granted free of rent by the State; 61 students resided in this Chhatralaya. The Bhattmewara Jati Hitkarini Sabha and the members of the Audich community maintain chhatralayas for the students of their respective communities; 22 students resided in these chhatralayas.

Private Chhatralayas.

220. The students play hockey, football and cricket at the Shri Lakshman Grounds. Volley ball, Dodge ball, tillow and kabaddi are also played regularly. In Shri Maharawal High School, drill is compulsory for all classes except class III.

Games and drill.

221. This movement continued to do good work in moulding the character of the boys.

Boy scouts.

222. Pandit Damodar Lal, Inspector of Schools, was on tour for 125 days. The Head Master of Shri Maharawal High School was on tour for 14 days. State Officers while on tour also visit and inspect village schools.

Inspection.

223. The system of giving training at the Capital to the teachers of the village schools and subjecting them to periodical examinations, which was introduced in 1935, has proved beneficial.

Village teachers' training

224. This school prepares girls for the Praveshika examination of the Mahila Vidya Pith of Allahabad. So far all the candidates sent up by the school have passed. It must be stated, however, that none of the candidates took the examination in all the prescribed subjects. There are at present 6 students studying for the examination. The number of students on the roll of the school, which was 171 at the close of the previous year, was found to have increased to

Shri Dev. n. l. a Kanya Pathshala.

191 at the close of the year under report. Her Highness the Senior Maji Sahiba is pleased to award annually three locket Medals to the girls of this school for general proficiency, and for proficiency in sewing and knitting.

The Sagwara & Simalwara  
Girls' Schools.

225. The girls schools at Sagwara and Simalwara are also doing well. On the 30th September, 1941, 69 students were on the roll of the Sagwara School as against 42 on the same date in the preceding year. The number on the roll of the Simalwara School has decreased from 34 to 31.

Sanskrit Pathshala.

226. During the year under report a Sanskrit Pathshala was opened at Kharagda by the people of that village. As the population of the village consists mostly of Brahmins, the Pathshala should be of great benefit to the community.

School Book Depot.

227. The school maintains a Book Depot which is financed out of a sum of Rs. 400/- advanced to the School by the State. Out of the profits of the Depot, a sum of Rs. 60/- is given to the Boys' Library every year.

The Ducat Library and  
Reading Room

228. Chawdhry Krishna Nand, M.A., is in charge of the Library and the Reading Room.

229. The Ducat Library contains 4,000 books in English, Sanskrit, Hindi, Gujarati and Urdu. An annual grant of Rs. 300/- is made by the State; this is supplemented by an annual grant of Rs. 100/- from the Municipal Board.

230. The Reading Room is provided with English and Hindi newspapers and journals.

## 2. The Medical Department.

Personnel.

231. Dr. K.D.S. Rao, M.B.B.S., F.R.C.S., (Edin.) resumed his duties on the 6th September, 1941.

232. Till then Dr. Hansraj Shah, L.M.F. (Cal.), the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Shri Bijay Hospital; discharged the functions of the Chief Medical Officer and remained in charge of the Shri Bijay Hospital at the Capital.

233. Dr. B. N. Sharma and Dr. Janki Sharma resigned and relinquished their posts from the 15th March, 1941.

234. Dr. Tulsiram Upadhye, S.A.S. was in charge of the Sagwara Dispensary throughout the year.

235. Dr. K. C. Narrilla, L.M.P. was appointed with effect from the 10th August, 1941, as Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

236. Vaidya Shastri Utsavlal was in charge of the Aushadhalaya. There are two other Vaidyas— Vaidya Kripa Shanker and Vaidya Ganga Ram in the Aushadhalaya.

237. Hakim Galib Jang Khan continued to work as the State Hakim.

238. Pandit Ganga Ram, in charge of the Travelling Dispensary, toured for 89 days and treated 4,432 patients.

239. At the beginning of the year, there was one well equipped Hospital at the Capital, two dispensaries - one at Sagwara and one at the Central Jail, one Aushadhalaya at the Capital and a Travelling Dispensary. During the year under review, sanction was accorded to the Dargah authorities at Galiakot to open a dispensary.

240. A ward for the treatment of tuberculosis patients was constructed outside the Capital. The building has been completed but not yet equipped.

241. The Shri Bijay Hospital contains 4 wards for indoor patients. Three of these are male wards; the Shri Devendra Vanita Ashram is a female ward and 3 rooms of the Silver Jubilee Ward are set apart for maternity cases. There is accommodation for 75 beds in the Hospital.

242. The Hospital contains a well equipped operation-theatre and a laboratory.

243. Free diet is supplied to the poor indoor patients. In the year under report a sum of Rs. 442/- was spent on this account.

244. The number of indoor and out-door patients treated during the year under report is compared with that of the previous year in the following statement:—

Medical Relief.

Hospital	Year	Number of out-door Patients	Number of Indoor patients						Daily average number of out-door patients	Daily average number of in-door patients	Operations
			admitted	cured	relieved	discharged	died	under treatment			
Dungarpur	1939-40	42,674	783	606	49	76	17	35	309.42	31.46	1740
	1940-41	41,944	1,002	763	98	70	32	39	341.97	46.11	1503
Sagwara ...	1939-40	22,990	39	24	6	9	...	...	124.05	0.95	441
	1940-41	22,485	43	20	7	14	2	...	123.28	0.8	516
Jail ...	1939-40	...	313	294	3	2	6	8	...	6.03	...
	1940-41	...	307	293	6	...	...	8	...	...	...

245. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 24,332-9-4 as against Rs. 21,215-11-5 in the previous year.

Expenditure.

Cholera. 1940

246. Cholera broke out in an epidemic form in May and raged till July. Prompt measures were taken to send medical aid to the affected area and to inoculate people. Quarantines were set up and other prophylactic measures adopted. The total number of seizures was 2,244 and of deaths 576. The department inoculated 18,574 persons.

Vaccination.

247. The number of children vaccinated during the year under report was 4,596 as against 3,406 vaccinated in the previous year; 4,311 vaccinations were successful as against 3,202 in the previous year.

Dai Training. 1940

248. During the year under report a scheme for the training of Dais at the Capital was sanctioned. It has been made compulsory for every dai to attend cases in the hospital for three months, after which she is given a license. When in accordance with the scheme all the dais have received training, no dai will be allowed to conduct maternity cases who does not hold a license issued by the Chief Medical Officer.

249. Twenty-three dais received training for 3 months in the year under report. Fourteen were declared to have qualified themselves.

Shri Vijay Ayurvedic  
Aushadhalaya.

250. The number of patients treated during the year was 25,859 as against 22,043 in the previous year. The Aushadhalaya also distributed snake-bite cure to the general public; the results were satisfactory.

### 3. Public Works Department.

Personnel.

251. Chaudhry Niranjan Das Datt, State Engineer.

The State Engineer was on leave from the 11th July, 1911 to the end of the year. Pandit Bhagat Ram Avasthi acted for him.

Construction.

252. The construction of the Shri Bijay Sagar tank has been completed. The tank stood the heavy rains of 1941 very satisfactorily. Another mile of cement pipes for the feeding canal which runs from the Edward Samand to the reservoirs in Dungarpur city has been manufactured. The remodelling of the Shri Lakshman Club House was also completed. The construction of the Dungarpur-Sagwara road was taken in hand. The earth work and drainage of the 1st mile of this road were completed.

Additions &amp; alterations.

253. Additions and alterations were made in the Shri Udai Bilas Palace, the Old Palace, the School Book Depot, the Shri Bijay Hospital, the Revenue Office, The Shri Lakshman Bijay Printing Press, the Birpur House and the Forest Office.

Expenditure.

254. As against the previous year's sum of Rs. 61,428/- the cost of new works and maintenance in the year under report was Rs. 61,176/-.

255. The amount spent on new works was ... Rs. 51,359/-  
 The amount spent on maintenance and  
 repairs was ... Rs. 9,817/-  
 Rs. 61,176/-

Details are given below:—

Details	Original		Repairs & maintenance		Total	
	1939-40	1940-41	1939-40	1940-41	1939-40	1940-41
Civil Buildings ...	38,280	24,657	5,572	4,976	38,852	29,633
Police ..	450	1,125	...	...	450	1,125
Customs & Excise	343	389	...	...	343	389
Temples ..	725	...	12	11	737	11
Roads ..	3,987	3,092	23	933	4,193	4,025
Irrigation ...	13,072	22,095	81	6	13,103	22,101
Establishment and contingencies .	200	...	3,553	3,891	3,753	3,891
Total .	52,057	51,359	9,371	9,817	61,428	61,176

256. The income of the department from all sources amounted to Rs. 22,493/- as against Rs. 15,917/-. Details are given below:—

Income.

Details	1939-40	1940-41
Motor license ...	13,605	20,241
Motor tax ... ..	1,109	896
Road-tax ... ..	1,203	1,356
Total ...	15,917	22,493

#### 4 The Electric and Water Works Department.

257. Sarishtedar Dadamchand Doshi administered the department throughout the year.

Personnel.

258. The Power House at Dungarpur is fitted with 4 engines — a Ruston Hornsby Lincoln Engine of 45 B.H.P., and of 460 volts and 3 engines of 22 to 25 B.H.P. made by Crossley Brothers.

256. There are two reservoirs called the “Chandpole” reservoir and the “Ghantala” reservoir which supply water to the Old Palaces, the Udai Bilas and the town.

260. The Palaces, the other State Buildings (including the Birpur House, the Residences of the members of the Ruling Family and a large number of private houses are fitted with electric connections.



261. The telephone system continued to work satisfactorily.

262. The department spent a sum of Rs. 25,435/- as against Rs. 26,134/- in the previous year. The income amounted to Rs. 21,301/- as against Rs. 22,498/- in the previous year. Details are given below:—

Details			1939-40	1940-41
			Rs.	Rs.
Electricity	...	...	15,700	14,803
Water Works	...	..	6,789	6,498
Ice plant	...	.	5	...
Store	...	.	5	.
Total			22,499	21,301

### 5. Municipalities.

#### Personnel.

263. The Dungarpur Municipal Committee—

President.— Shah Mohanlalji ( nominated ).

Vice-President.— B. Bijaylal Jain, B. Com. ( elected ).

The Sagwara Municipal Committee—

President.— The Zildar, Sagwara ( ex-officio ).

Vice-President.— Champawat Kishorlal ( nominated ).

The Galiakot Municipal Committee—

President.— The Sub-Inspector of Police  
( ex-officio ).

Vice-President.— Seth Hukumchand ( nominated ).

The District Board—

President.— Officer-in-charge Municipalities  
( ex-officio ).

264. The Dunarpur committee consists of 18 members, of whom 9 are elected and 9 nominated. The President is nominated by His Highness' Government and the Vice-President is elected by the members. The period of three years for which the present members of the Board were nominated and elected expired on the 30th September, 1940. His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was graciously pleased further to extend the life of the Board by one year.

The Dugarpur Municipal  
Committee

265. The Dungarpur Municipal Committee held 14 sittings, out of which 5 were adjourned.

266. Special attention was paid to the cleaning and repair of wells and the disinfecting of water therein.

267. The committee contributed a sum of Rs. 151/- for the purchase of prophylactic anti-cholera inoculations.

268. The stone wall of the Gaip Sagar tank was repaired. His Highness was pleased to make a gift of 7 stone benches for the boulevard on the bund of the Gaip Sagar and improvements were made in the wall outside Kuriala Gate. Stone floors were provided for the rooms of the Sarai. Repairs were made in the small tank outside the Chandpole Gate. The number of street lamps was increased by 10.

269. In the month of April, 1941, owing to communal riots in Ahmedabad, about 2,500 refugees poured into the State from that city. Under commands of His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur, who himself graciously made a generous donation for this purpose, these refugees were fed during their stay in Dungarpur.

270. The financial position of the Dungarpur Municipal Board is satisfactory. The Municipality contributes an aggregate amount of Rs. 701/- for primary education, the Ducat Library and the Aushadhalaya.

271. There is nothing special to report about the Sagwara and Galiakot Municipal committees.

Sagwara and Galiakot  
Municipal Committees.

272. The conservancy and lighting arrangements for Aspur, Sabla, Antri and Mewara are under the supervision of the Customs Nakedars of those places.

Lighting and conservancy  
arrangements at Sabla,  
Aspur, Antri and Mewara.

273. The main source of Municipal income is Octroi duty, which is collected through the Customs Department and handed over to Municipalities. The receipts and expenditure for the year under report and for the previous year are given below:—

Income and expenditure  
of the Municipal  
Committees and the  
District Board.

Committees	Years	Opening Balance	Receipts	Total	Expendi- ture	Closing Balance
Dungarpur ..	1939-40	2,715	11,194	13,909	12,486	1,423
	1940-41	1,423	11,963	13,386	12,040	1,346
Sagwara ...	1939-40	1,668	3,302	4,970	3,170	1,800
	1940-41	1,800	3,852	5,652	4,985	667
Galiakot ...	1939-40	2,183	2,710	4,893	1,902	2,991
	1940-41	2,991	2,829	5,820	5,135	695
District Board	1939-40	2,796	5,892	8,688	6,071	2,617
	1940-41	2,617	6,625	9,242	7,071	2,171

## Cases

274. Cases of breach of municipal bye-laws numbered 197 as against 230 of the previous year. All the cases were disposed of. Rs. 107 were realised from fines and penalties.

## The District Board.

275. The sarai at Antri was repaired.

## Vital statistics

276. The table below gives the vital statistics of the Capital and the towns of Sagwara and Galiakot for the year under report :—

Name of town	Population	Births				Deaths																	Infant mortality			
		Males	Females	Total	Average per 1000	Cholera	Typhenteric & diarrhoea	Fevers				Small pox	Tuber- cu- osis		Pneumonia	Respiratory diseases	Puerperal sepsis	Injuries				All other causes		Deaths of infants under 1 year	Total	Average per 1,000
								Enteric fever	Measles	Relapsing	Other fevers		T. B. lungs	Other T. B.				Accidents	Suicide	Snake-bites	Wild beasts					
Dungarpur	8,670	88	97	185	21.33	2	3	25	8	-	-	19	-	8	2	6	12	9	8	-	1	7	31	181	15.1	167
Sagwara	6,200	80	69	149	24.03	1	2	-	...	-	-	-	...	-	-	21	...	-	1	...	2	68	-	95	15.32	86
Gallakot	4,247	48	52	100	23.54	19	2	...	1	...	...	44	...	8	-	13	3	5	-	...	...	4	6	100	23.54	60
Total ...	19,117	216	218	434	22.96	22	7	25	4	-	-	63	...	11	2	40	15	14	4	...	3	79	87	326	17.96	283

## CHAPTER X.

## OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

## 1. Shri Bijay Dharma Sabha.

277. Pandit Bhogi Lalji Chaubisa, Raj Gaurji, Secretary,  
Dharma Sabha.

Personnel.

278. On the 8th July, 1941, rules defining the constitution of the Dharma Sabha and providing for the conduct of business by it were published in the Rajyapatra. Under these Rules, His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur assumed the Presidentship of the Sabha and nominated the following as members of the Sabha :—

## Official:—

1. The Diwan,	( Ex-officio ) ..	Vice President.
2. The Revenue Officer,	„ ...	Member.
3. The First Class Magistrate,	„ ...	„
4. The State Engineer,	„ ...	„
5. The Munim, Bank,	„ ...	„

## Non-official.—

1. Thakur Sangram Singhji, Jagirdar of Peith,	„
2. Thakur Nahar Singhji, Jagirdar of Oda,	„
3. Pandit Bhogilalji Chaubisa, Raj Gaurji, ( the present Secretary ),	„
4. Shah Mohanlalji,	„
5. Nagar Seth, ( Ex-officio )	„
6. Davda Hiralal,	„
7. Pandit Itcha Nath, Raj Pandit,	„
8. Raval Vidya Shanker,	„
9. Pandit Ganesh Ram, Shakuni,	„
10. Rathor Kurji,	„

## Muslim members.—

1. Shekh Nyaz Mohammad Khan,	„
2. Mulla Gulam Ali	„
3. Mohammad Ishaq Kandhari,	„

Ordinarily the tenure of office of a member is 3 years.

279. During the year under report, the Sabha held 3 sittings and disposed of 55 cases.

Meetings of the Sabha.

## Temples and Maths

280. The Maths of Khireswar, Boreshwar and Raj Guruji remained under the supervision of the Sabha.

281. The land revenue of the muafi villages, the Chouri Varad demand of the temple of Shri Nathji and the annual capital demand of the Math of Boreshwarji are now collected through the Revenue Department.

282. The Sabha is maintaining two scholars for the study of Sanskrit and Jyotish at Benares. Monthly stipends were given to 4 other Vidyarthis.

283. Regular and methodical performance of worship was carried out in all the Temples. In the Temples of Radhe Bihariji and Shri Nathji, the Rajya Pandit gave regular readings from Shrimad Bhagwat and Shri Bhagwadgita. Religious processions were taken out on Radha Ashtami, Ram Ravadi and Tulsi Vivah. Food and clothes were distributed among the poor and the needy and Sadavrat Petias given to 655 persons.

284. Repairs were made in 19 temples and 1 mosque.

## Prosecutions for Dapa.

285. Fifteen (15) prosecutions were launched for receiving illegal Dapa; fines aggregating to Rs. 2,538/- were imposed and aggregating to Rs. 282/- were realised.

## 2. Court of Wards

## Personnel.

286. Babu Roop Kishore Gupta was the Superintendent of the Court of Wards up to the 10th March, 1941. Thereafter Babu Govind Prasad, the Revenue Officer, took over the duties of the Superintendent.

## Supervision.

287. Supervision charges are levied at 10 per cent of the income of each Thikana. The income for the year amounted to Rs. 7,202/- as against Rs. 5,531/- of the previous year. The expenditure was Rs. 3,205/- as against Rs. 2,371/- in 1939-40.

## Thikanas under Court of Wards.

288. There were 30 Thikanas and estates under the management of the Court of Wards at the close of the year 1939-40. During the year under report 3 Thikanas and estates were brought under its management and 3 Thikanas were released. The following statement gives details about the 30 Thikanas and estates which were under the management of the Court of Wards at the close of the year :—

Name and Grade of Thikana.	Name of Ward	Age	Reasons for taking under management	Date of taking under management	Income		Debt		Remarks.
					At the time of taking under management	In 1940-41	At the time of taking under management	At the close of 1940-41	
"Solah or Tazimi "					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1 Bichhiwara ...	Thakur Mohbat Singhji	15	Minor	5-12-25	3,195	5,578	4,557	6,178	
2 Simalwara ...	Thakur Karan Singhji	16	"	26-10-26	6,163	13,451	5,526	...	
3 Chitri ...	Rao Indrajit Singhji	5	"	11- 5-39	1,307	7,376	...	...	
" Battis "									
4 Garhmala ...	Thakur Devendra Singh	12	"	17- 7-39	914	1,165	500	420	
5 Padardi Kalan ...	Thakur Prahlad Singh	9	"	6- 4-40	...	4,819	...	...	
" Garha-bundi "									
6 Parla Handlia ...	Chauhan Lachhman Singh	41	Indebtedness	3- 6-28	375	315	1,455	339	
7 Bhinda ...	Solanki Bhawan Singh	21	Minor	15- 8-29	330	1,145	530	...	
8 Garha Senaria ...	Chauhan Vijay Singh	21	"	16-11-30	85	104	263	263	
9 Piplada ...	Chauhan Kalyan Singh	21	"	28-11-30	81	242	150	51	
10 Dhudhawara ...	Chauhan Kodar Singh	17	"	9- 4-31	176	336	287	...	
11 Kanodia ...	Chauhan Rai Singh	15	"	11- 7-32	315	914	117	9	
12 Vanwasa ..	Chauhan Dule Singh	18	"	11- 7-32	189	449	483	539	
13 Biluda ...	Chauhan Raghunath Singh	16	"	8- 5-34	200	2297	180	180	
14 Tekla ...	Chauhan Zorawar Singh	48	Insanity	11- 6-38	554	1,294	1,830	1,830	
15 Sanchia ...	Purabia Hindu Singh	18	Minor	11- 7-38	1,575	1,360	2,019	2,019	
16 Biluda ...	Chauhan Hadmat Singh	13	"	12-11-38	150	479	159	159	
17 Garha Vejanja ...	Vejanja Chhatra Singh	14	"	17-11-38	513	975	1,113	1,113	
18 Rampur Biyola	Biyola Himmat Singh	12	"	6- 4-39	260	445	766	553	
19 Khanan ...	Chauhan Khuman Singh	33	Insanity	18- 5-40	564	1,121	501	427	
20 Pardi Gujreshwar	Ahara Vir Singh	14	Minor	8- 6-40	...	417	...	...	
21 Dhamod ...	Bhumia ( Baby )	...	"	6- 7-41	...	...	...	...	
" Muafis "									
22 Ghatau ...	Goverdhanlal	32	Indebtedness	25-11-29	104	...	1,265	742	
23 Naranja ...	Karnidan	64	"	22-11-35	202	184	277	228	
24 Anderkhet ...	Amritlal	44	"	18- 3-36	356	565	4,798	4,768	
25 Karawada ...	Vijaydan	30	"	27-10-38	1,500	1,227	8,300	8,000	
26 Dola ...	Widow of Gauri Shanker	16	"	12- 5-39	158	117	...	...	Debt account under investigation
27 Limbod ...	Shankerdan	30	Insanity	8- 6-41	51	51	...	...	
" Vahivatdar "									
28 Hansraj Mahajan Sabla ...	Kanku & Chanchal daughters of Hansraj	...	Minor	5- 1-37	141	235	173	173	
29 Shival Gandhi Sagwara ...	Rajmal	7	"	30-10-38	2,428	1,003	...	...	
30 Chhaganlal		12	"	7- 8-40	328	328	...	...	

## Education of Wards.

289. Two wards are receiving education at the Mayo College, Ajmer, 4 at the Shri Maharawal High School, Dungarpur, and 2 at village schools.

## 3. Karkhanas.

## (a) TOSHA KHANA, STABLES AND GARDENS.

290. Personnel.—Thakur Sangram Singhji of Peith was in charge of these departments as Superintendent Karkhanas throughout the year under report. Raj Gaur Bhogilalji was incharge of the Tosha-khana and Tents, Dafedar Shivilal was the Daroga Stables and K. Shivrath Singh looked after the Gardens.

291. The total expenditure on stables was Rs. 13,463-4-11 as against Rs. 13,577-3-0 in the previous year.

292. There are 33 horses, 17 bullocks and 1 elephant in the stables. Sixteen horses and 4 bullocks were purchased during the year while 2 horses and 3 bullocks died. Eleven horses were made over to Risala and one horse was sold.

## (b) MOTOR GARAGE.

## Personnel

293. Mr. N. P. Kesari, Muntazim, Motor Garage.

294. At the end of the year 1940-41, there were 16 cars and 4 lorries.

## Expenditure.

295. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 27,719-9-11 as against Rs. 33,618-4-0 in the previous year. The total mileage covered by the vehicles during the year under report was 59,694 as against 70,336 of the previous year.

## (c) RECEPTION.

296. Personnel.—Kanwar Nahar Singh Rathor, Guest House Officer.

## Guests.

297. Nearly 315 guests visited the State during the year under report.

## Expenditure.

298. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 8,009/- as against Rs. 14,657/- of the previous year.

## 4. Boundary Department.

## Personnel

299. Munshi Niaz Mohammad Khan, Boundary Officer.

300. No meeting of the motmids of States was held in the year under report. The boundary line between Sookh Bavdi in Mewar State and Pithapur in this State was jointly surveyed in April and May, 1941; maps were prepared.

## 5. Puratatva Vibhag.

301. Rathor Suraj Mal Vagadia, Curator.

Personnel.

302. In 1940-41, the Curator was on tour in the State for 79 days. He acquired—

- 1 Command inscription on a silver plate,
- 48 Parvanas,
- 12 Bronze inscriptions,
- 19 Inscriptions on stone,
- 4 Manuscripts,
- 7 Inscriptions on Idols, and
- 18 Different pieces of writing in the books of Bhats, Charans etc.

303. Out of these, the following deserve special mention :—

- 1. An inscription of the Vikram year 1504 of Maharawal Shri Gay Pal Deo Ji (Gopinathji), found in the temple of Rishabhdeo;
- 2. A Shila Lekh of Vikram year 15-8 of Maharawal Shri Somdas Ji;
- 3. An inscription on a chariot of Vikram year 1529 of Maharawal Shri Somdas Ji;
- 4. An inscription of Vikram year 1683 of Maharawal Shri Punj Raj Ji;
- 5. A Shila Lekh of Vikram year 1794 of Maharawal Shri Shiv Singh Ji;
- 6. A bronze inscription of Vikram year 1835 of Maharawal Shri Shiv Singh Ji;
- 7. An inscription on a silver plate of Vikram year 1844 of Maharawal Shri Vairishal Ji;
- 8. } Two parwanas of Vikram year 1865 of Maharawal Shri
- 9. } Jaswant Singh Ji II.

## 6. The Dungarpur Rajyapatra.

304. A State Gazette called "The Dungarpur Rajyapatra" has been published every month beginning from November, 1939. The ordinary monthly issue of the Rajyapatra is published on the 5th day of every month. Extra-ordinary issues are published occasionally.

305. Mr. P. K. Shunglu is the Superintendent of Rajyapatra. Chaudhry Krishna Nand M.A. is in charge of the Hindi section of the Rajyapatra.

Personnel.

## 7. Shri Lakshman Bijay Printing Press.

306. Chaudhry Krishna Nand M. A., Officer Press.

Personnel.



Shri Lakshman Bijay  
Printing Press.

307. The expenditure of the Press, the value of the work turned out by it and the net profit earned during the years 1939-40 and 1940-41 are given in the following table :—

Details			1939-40	1940-41
Expeniture	...	..	2,475- 9-10	3,483-12- 4
Value of work turned out		..	3,513-14- 4	3,973- 5- 5
Net Profit	...	..	1,038- 4- 6	489- 9- 1

Depreciation Fund.

308. In the year under report a sum of Rs. 570-2-9 was credited to the depreciation fund.

### 8. The Stationery Department.

Personnel

309. Kotadia Bijaylal Jain, B. Com , Officer Stationery.

Stationery.

310. The following table gives figures about the purchase and sale of stationery :—

Year	Stock at commence- ment	Purchase	Total	Sales	Stock at the close of year
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1939-40	5,742	12,207	17,949	9,530	8,419
1940-41	8,419	9,020	17,439	9,631	7,808

311. The total profit credited to the State Treasury amounted to Rs. 1,251-4-2 as against Rs. 1,227-3-0 in the previous year.

### 9. Central Records.

Personnel.

312. Pandit Bhawani Shanker, Record Officer.

313. During the year under report, 2,432 files and 49 registers were received for record from various departments as against 3,316 files and 3 registers received in the previous year.

### 10. The State Postal Organisation.

314. The following rates are charged by the State Postal Organisation :—

(1) for letters—

(a) one and a quarter anna for the first tola,

(b) half anna for every additional tola.

(2) for unregistered parcels,—

- (a) four annas for any parcel not exceeding 40 tolas in weight,
- (b) four annas for every additional 40 tolas or fraction thereof.
- (3) for book-post,—
  - (a) nine pies for a package not exceeding 5 tolas in weight,
  - (b) six pies for every additional 5 tolas or fraction thereof.
- (4) for a registered letter with acknowledgment due, 5 annas.
- (5) for a letter on which prepayment of postage has not been made,—double the ordinary rates.

315. The organisation carried 1851 registered letters in the course of the year under report. The total income was Rs. 1791/- and the total expenditure Rs. 984/-.

## II. State Motor Transport Service.

316. In the year under report the agreements of the monopolists who ran the motor transport services between Dungarpur and Kherwara and Dungarpur and Ratanpur expired. The State is now running these services.

317. Syed Ahmed Ali was appointed Manager of the State Transport Services.

318. The Department has taken the sum of Rs. 15,116-11-5 on loan from the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank. On this amount interest is paid to the Bank at the rate of 6% per annum.

319. The Department purchased 4 G.M.C. motor buses and 1 old Chevrolet 1931 model bus was given to it.

320. The Dungarpur-Kherwara Service carries the Imperial Mails.

321. The following table shows the mileage covered, the number of passengers carried by, the income derived from, and the expenditure incurred on, the two services:—

Line	Mileage for the year	Number of passengers carried	Income	Expenditure
			Rs.	Rs.
Dungarpur-Ratanpur	12,516	5,904½	10,420-14-11	4,663-4-7
Dungarpur-Kherwara	12,450	3,962½	4,598- 0- 6	2,547-4-9
Total	24,966	9,867	15,018-15- 5	7,210-9-4

322. Out of the balance of Rs. 7,808-6-1, Rs. 3,352/- were paid to the State as monopoly nazrana and transferred to the P. W. D. Rs. 2,750/- were given to the Bank in repayment of its loan and Rs. 1,544-8-0 were deposited with the Bank to constitute a depreciation fund. The balance of Rs. 161-14-1 was deposited in the State Treasury as net profit.

323. By arrangement with the monopolists of the Udaipur-Rakhabdeo-Kherwara Service, through tickets are issued at Dungarpur and Udaipur; goods too are similarly booked.

## 12 Committee of Sardars.

324. The Sardars' Committee has been constituted to dispose of cases of disputes between Jagirdars and their Bhayats or Vantedars. The Dewan is the ex-officio President of the Committee which consists of 2 Umraos, two Tankedars, two Bhayats and one Charan as members.

325. The Committee met on the 26th July, 1940 and disposed of 3 cases.

## 13. Shri Lakshman Club.

326. His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur is the patron of the club.

327. Maharaj Shri Virbhadra Singhji Sahib is the President of the club and Pt. R. C. Misra is the Vice-President.

328. Chaudhry Krishna Nand worked as Secretary up to the 6th September, 1941. From the 7th September, Dr. K. D. S. Rao took over the charge. Up to July 1941, Pandit Bhanwar Lal Sharma was the Treasurer. With effect from August, Mr. Bijay Lal Jain was appointed Treasurer.

329. The club building has been extended and remodelled at a cost of Rs. 8,000/-. The reconstruction was undertaken in 1940 and completed in February, 1941. The remodelled building contains a lounge, a bridge room and a billiard room, as also a water room, a store room, a bath room etc. A terrace (15½ x 18½ ft.) has been provided, facing the tennis court.

330. The club subscription is one rupee per month; an enrolment fee of two rupees is charged.

331. On the 30th September, 1941, there were 46 members on the roll of the club.

## 14. WALTERKRIT RAJPUTRA HITKARINI SABHA.

332. During the year under report the constitution of the Sabha was amended and the Hon'ble the Resident for Rajputana and the Commissioner Ajmer-Merwara ceased to be the President and the

Vice-President respectively of the Sabha. According to the new constitution, Air Commodore His Highness Raj Rajeshwar Maharajadhiraj Shri Sir Umaid Singhji Bahadur, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., K.C.V.O., A.D.C., I.L.D., Maharaja of Jodhpur, is now the President of the Walterkrit Rajputra Hitkarini Sabha and His Highness Rai-i-Rayan Maunimahendra Maharajadhiraj Maharawal Shri Sir Lakshman Singhji Bahadur K.C.S.I., of Dungarpur is the Vice-President of the Sabha. The Office of the Central Committee of the Sabha was transferred from Abu to Jodhpur. The State Sabha is guided by Rules framed by the Central Committee. It consists of the Diwan as Ex-officio President, 2 Tazimi Umraos and 4 Tankedars.

333. The case work of the Sabha is given in the following table:—

In relation to	Pending from last year	Instituted during the year	Total	Disposed of	Balance
Marriage ...	18	9	27	21	6
Death ...	2	12	14	12	2

#### 15. The Shri Devendra Gau Raksha Ashram.

334. The Shri Devendra Gau Raksha Ashram was established in 1923, and His Highness the Maharawal Sahib Bahadur was pleased to grant in perpetual muafi to the Ashram, 110 bighas of land.

335. It is managed by an Honorary Secretary, Attar Ratan Lal and inspected by Mehta Bhagwan Das.

336. An annual grant of Rs. 200/- is made by the State and the Shri Bijay Dharma Sabha contributes a sum of Rs. 50/- annually. This income is supplemented by subscriptions.



# **APPENDICES.**

## APPENDIX I.

**List of principal officers in the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41  
( Vikrami 1997-98 ).**

Name of Officer and Department.	Designation	Remarks.
<b>Ministers.</b>		
Maharaj Shri Virbhadr Singhji Sahib ... M.A. (Oxon)	Musahib-i-Ala and Dewan.	
Rao Bahadur Chunnilalji Setalval, C. I. E., Bar-at-law.	Judicial Minister.	Appointed with effect from the 1st January 1941.
<b>His Highness' Department.</b>		
Thakur Sangram Singhji of Peith ...	Household Officer.	
Pandit Ramcharan Misra ...	Private Secretary.	
Pandit Bhanwarlal Sharma B.A., LL.B.	Mir Munshi.	
<b>Amatya Karyalaya.</b>		
Mr. P. K. Shunglu, M.A., LL.B. ...	Special Officer.	
Pandit Tulsiram Trivedi. ...	Office Superintendent.	
<b>Army.</b>		
Rao Sahib Kunwar Fateh Singh Powar	Fauj Bukshi.	
Subedar Baijnath Misra. ...	Commanding Officer Shri Bijay Paltan.	
<b>Revenue Department.</b>		
Mr. Govind Prasad. ...	Revenue Officer.	Appointed with effect from the 10th March 1941.
Mr. Roop Kishore Gupta ...	Sadar Munsarim.	Officiated as Revenue Officer till 10th March 1941.
Pandit Kishanlal ...	Assistant Revenue Officer.	
<b>Judicial Department.</b>		
Mr. Narsingh Das M.A., LL.B. ...	Civil Judge, Dungarpur.	
Gaur Jawaharlal M.A., LL.B. ...	First Class Magistrate, Dungarpur	
Munshi Mohammad Hussain ...	Second Class Magistrate and Munsiff, Sagwara.	Officiating.
Gandhi Rooplal, B.A., LL.B. ...	Registrar High Court.	Appointed with effect from the 1st January 1941.
<b>Police Department.</b>		
Rao Sahib Kunwar Fateh Singh Powar	Superintendent of Police.	
Pandit Girjashanker Chobisa ...	Inspector of Police.	
Munshi Dilawar Khan ...	Court Inspector.	
<b>Customs and Excise Department.</b>		
Mr. Soowalal Rawat ...	Superintendent of Customs and Excise.	
Munshi Mohammad Ismail Khan ...	Assistant Superintendent Customs and Excise.	
<b>Forest Department.</b>		
Pandit Umashanker Pathak ...	Superintendent of Forests.	
<b>Finance and Accounts Department.</b>		
Pandit Lakshmishanker ...	State Accountant.	
Mr. Bijaylal Jain, B.Com. ...	Assistant Accountant.	
<b>Education Department.</b>		
Chaudhari Krishnanand, M.A. ...	Head Master, Shri Maharawal High School.	
Mr. Goverdhanlal Garg, B.A. ...	Second Master Shri Maharawal High School	
<b>Medical Department.</b>		
Dr. K.D.S. Rao, F.R.C.S. (Edin.) M.B.B.S.	Chief Medical Officer.	
Dr. B.N. Sharma, M.B.B.S., Z.O. (Berlin Univ.) Z.S. & G.K. (Vienna Univ.) ...	Surgeon Shri Vijay Hospital.	
Dr. Tulsiram Upadhye, S.A.S. ...	Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Sagwara Hospital.	Resigned with effect from the 15th March 1941.

## APPENDIX I—(Continued).

Name of Officer and Department.	Designation	Remarks.
Dr. Hansraj Shah, L.M.F. ...	Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shri Vijay Hospital Dungarpur.	
Dr. K. C. Naraiila, L.M.F. ...	" " "	Appointed with effect from the 10th August 1941.
Dr. Mrs. Janki Sharma, L.M.P. Public Works Department.	Lady Doctor, Shri Vijay Hospital "	Resigned with effect from the 15th March 1941.
Chaudhary Niranjandas Datt Karkhanas.	State Engineer.	
Thakur Sangram Singnji of Peith	Superintendent of Karkhanas.	
Mr. Narsingh Rao P. Kesari	Muntazim Motor Garage.	
Kunwar Nahar Singh Rathor Electric and Water Works Department.	Guest House Officer.	
...	State Mechanical and Electrical Engineer.	Vacant.
Court of Wards.		
Mr. Govind Prasad	Superintendent of Court of Wards.	Appointed with effect from the 10th March 1941.
Municipalities.		
Shah Mohanlalji ...	President Municipal Board, Dungarpur and Officer-in-charge Municipalities.	
Boundary Department		
Munshi Niazmohammad Khan	Boundary Officer	
State Bank and Treasury.		
Kotaria Nanchand	Munim Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank and Treasurer.	
Central Records.		
Pandit Bhawani Shanker	Record Officer.	
Printing Press.		
Chaudhari Krishnanand, M.A.	Officer Press.	
Stationery.		
Mr. Bijaylal Jain, B.Com.	Officer Stationery.	
Jail.		
Gandhi Rooplal B.A., LL.B.	Superintendent Central Jail, Dungarpur.	Appointed with effect from the 1st May 1941
Rajyapatra (State Gazette).		
Mr. P. K. Shunglu, M.A., LL.B.	Superintendent Rajyapatra.	
Chaudhari Krishnanand, M.A.	Sampadak Rajyapatra.	
State Councils.		
Munshi Niazmohammad Khan	Secretary Executive and Legislative Councils	
Shri Vijay Dharma Sabha.		
Pandit Bhogilalji Raj Gaurji	Secretary Shri Vijay Dharma Sabha.	
Paratatra Vibhag		
Rathor Surajmal Vagadia	Curator.	
Transport Service.		
Syed Ahmad Ali	Manager State Transport Service.	



## APPENDIX II.

**List of Enactments and important Rules or Regulations in force in the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41 (Vikrami 1997-98).**

No.	Name of Act, Rule or Regulation.	Year in which passed.	Remarks.
1.	Rules regulating fees on adoptions.	...	Amended in 1941.
2.	Rules relating to Weights and Measures.	1900	„ 1910.
3.	The Dungarpur Police Act.	1903	
4.	Penal Code.	1903	Adapted from British Indian Code.
5.	Criminal Procedure Code.	1903	„ „
6.	Evidence Act.	1903	„ „
7.	Whipping Act.	1903	„ „
8.	Public Gambling Act.	1903	
9.	The law relating to Court of Wards.	1903	
10.	Rules for Patwaries.	1906	
11.	Revenue Rules.	1906	Amended in 1917, 1926.
12.	Cattle-pound Rules.	1907	
13.	Taccavi Rules.	1907	
14.	The Dungarpur Civil Procedure Code.	1909	
15.	The Dungarpur Court-fees Act.	1909	
16.	The Dungarpur Registration and Stamps Act.	1909	
17.	The Dungarpur Limitation Act.	1909	
18.	The Dungarpur Account Code.	1909	
19.	The Cattle Grazing Rules.	1909	
20.	The Dungarpur Customs Act.	1912	„ 1938, 1940.
21.	The law prohibiting cow-slaughter.	1912	„ 1932.
22.	The Dungarpur Jail Act.	1912	„ 1926, 1927, 1930.
23.	Rules relating to Lekh levied on the sale or mortgage of land.	1912	„ 1939, 1941.
24.	Rules relating to the powers of Judicial and Revenue Courts and to procedures in these Courts.	1913	„ 1938.

## APPENDIX II—(Continued).

No.	Name of Act, Rule or Regulation.	Year in which passed.	Remarks.
25.	The Dungarpur Civil Service Regulations.	1913	Amended in 1933, 1940.
26.	The law relating to Municipal Committees.	1913	
27.	The Dungarpur Intoxicating Drugs Act.	1913	„ 1941.
28.	The Dungarpur Forest Act.	1914	
29.	Rules relating to stray cattle.	1915	„ 1922.
30.	Rules to regulate camel-grazing.	1915	„ 1919, 1922.
31.	The Dungarpur Excise Act.	1915	
32.	Rules relating to Village Forests.	1915	
33.	Circular prohibiting overloading of animals.	1915	
34.	Rules governing the manufacture of Country-liquor.	1915	
35.	Rules relating to the sale of Country-liquor.	1915	
36.	The Dungarpur Dapa Rules.	1918	„ 1928, 1929, 1934.
37.	The Dungarpur Opium Act.	1921	
38.	Rules relating to opium and other intoxicating drugs.	1921	
39.	The Dungarpur Rasta Chowkidari Act.	1922	
40.	The Dungarpur Chowkidari Mawaziat Act.	1922	
41.	Rules for escorting of Banjaras.	1922	
42.	The Dungarpur Nizarat Act.	1923	
43.	The Dungarpur Medical Rules.	1923	„ 1933.
44.	The Dungarpur Ankal Sand Act.	1926	
45.	Rules regarding Balwara and Patdi Stone Quarries.	1926	
46.	The Dungarpur Travelling Allowance Rules.	1926	„ 1940, 1941.
47.	Rules for the realization of road-tax from bullock carts and tongas.	1927	
48.	The Dungarpur Motor Vehicles Act.	1930	
49.	Rules relating to fees for secondary education.	1931	

## APPENDIX II—(Continued).

No.	Name of Act, Rule or Regulation.	Year in which passed.	Remarks.
50.	The Dungarpur Protection of Wild Animals Act.	1933	Amended in 1934, 1935.
51.	The Dungarpur Nambardari Rules.	1933	
52.	The law relating to colonization.	1934	
53.	Rules for the opening of private schools in the Dungarpur State.	1935	
54.	Rules providing for the opening of schools in Jagirs.	1935	
55.	The Dungarpur prevention of child marriage and marriage between parties of widely disparate ages Act.	1935	„ 1940.
56.	Rules regarding stone-quarries.	1936	
57.	The law relating to Conversions.	1937	
58.	Rules relating to grazing of sheep by professional graziers.	1938	
59.	Rules regarding quarrying of lime stones.	1938	
60.	Rules relating to bicycles.	1939	„ 1940
61.	Rules relating to transit of wandering tribes.	1939	
62.	Rules for the management of the Provident Fund of the Servants of the Dungarpur State.	1939	
63.	Rules regarding Begar.	1939	
64.	The Dungarpur Pre-emption Act.	1939	
65.	The law regulating the Dapa and Padla among Bhils.	1939	
66.	The Dungarpur Treasure Trove Act.	1939	
67.	The Dungarpur Treasure Trove Rules.	1939	
68.	Rules regulating the possession, import, export, transit and use of breach-loading weapons and ammunition therefor.	1939	
69.	The Dungarpur State Registration of Foreigners Act, 1939.	1939	„ 1940.
70.	The Dungarpur Registration of Foreigners Rules, 1939.	1939	
71.	The Defence of Dungarpur Ordinance.	1939	„ 1940.

## APPENDIX II—(Continued)

No.	Name of Act, Rule or Regulation.	Year in which passed.	Remarks.
72.	The Defence of Dungarpur Rules, 1940.	1940	Amended in 1940, 1941.
73.	The Dungarpur Assignment and Transfer of Life Insurance Policies and Nominations Act, 1940.	1940	
74.	The Dungarpur State Soldiers (Litigation) Act, 1940 (Act No. III of 1940).	1940	
75.	The Dungarpur Census Act, 1940 (Act No. IV of 1940).	1940	
76.	Rules for the conduct of the business of the Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank, Dungarpur and its branches.	1940	
77.	The law relating to Kasauti.	1940	
78.	The Kasauti Rules.	1940	
79.	Rules providing for the training of Dais.	1940	
80.	The Dungarpur Civic Guard Rules.	1940	
81.	Rules constituting the Marketing Board.	1940	
82.	Rules for Public Restaurants.	1940	
83.	Rules constituting the Shri Vijay Dharma Sabha.	1941	
84.	The Walterkrit Rajputra Hitkarini Sabha Rules.	1889	
85.	Rules regarding diet and travelling allowance to witnesses in criminal cases.		

## APPENDIX III.

## Statement of Rainfall in the Dungarpur State for the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 )

No.	Name of Station	Average of last 5 years		Total of previous year		November 1940 to April 1941		1941						Total	Remarks.						
								May		June		July				August		September		October	
		In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.			In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.
1	Dungarpur	29	77	19	32	1	60	...	35	31	10	4	21	75	...	63	...	...	37	68	Maximum during the year.
2	Sagwara	20	27	18	20	1	34	...	46	75	7	93	19	48	1	57	...	...	31	53	
3	Galiakot	26	27	20	53	1	45	...	...	1	61	10	22	28	73	...	35	...	42	36	
4	Gaueshpur	24	30	19	24	...	98	...	...	20	13	9	17	53	1	30	...	...	33	10	
5	Aspur	24	58	23	40	2	13	...	...	77	11	29	22	65	...	13	...	...	36	98	Minimum during the year.
6	Karba	27	96	18	30	1	25	...	...	6	14	13	24	26	...	70	...	...	40	40	
7	Dhambola	28	90	26	97	1	6	...	...	1	59	13	27	20	86	...	46	...	37	24	
8	Deval	20	10	17	70	1	28	...	...	40	10	21	15	75	...	81	...	...	28	45	
9	Antri	22	74	14	96	1	8	...	66	90	8	23	21	81	...	55	...	...	33	23	
10	Sabla	32	56	37	33	1	75	...	...	...	8	56	27	17	...	82	...	...	38	30	
11	Veejan	25	97	14	66	...	50	...	...	66	11	59	23	45	1	57	...	...	37	78	
12	Vadgama	27	39	29	62	...	85	...	...	1	73	12	55	25	26	1	90	...	42	29	
13	Nithawa	24	21	30	81	2	26	...	...	70	9	33	24	43	...	71	...	...	37	43	
	Total.	336	2	291	4	17	53	1	47	9	68	140	44	296	15	11	50	...	476	77	
	Average	25	85	22	39	1	43	...	11	74	10	80	22	78	...	88	...	...	35	67	

**A. Statement showing the result of Criminal Appeals instituted and disposed of in the various Courts of the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98).**

Tribunal.	Pending from last year.			Admitted.			Total.			Cases disposed of												Pending at the close of the year.			Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
	Cases.			Cases.			Cases.			Rejected.	Con- firmed.		Modi- fied.		Rever- sed.	Quashed.		Further enquiry ordered.	Referred.		Total.		Cases.	Pending at the close of the year.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
	1938-39	1939-40.	Persons.	1939-40.	1940-41.	Persons.	1939-40.	1940-41.	Persons.		1939-40.	1940-41.	1939-10.	1940-41.		1939-40.	1940-41.		1839-40.	1940-41.	1839-40.	1940-41.		1939-40.		1940-41.	1839-40.	1940-41.	Persons.	1839-40.	1940-41.	Persons.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					

**B. Statement showing the result of Civil Appeals Instituted and disposed of in the various Courts of the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 ).**

TRIBUNAL.	Pending from last year.		Admitted,		Total.		Disposed of								Pending at the close of the year.		Remarks	
	1938-39.	1939-40.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1939-40.	1940-41.	Applica- tions re- jected.	Confirmed	Modified.	Reversed.	Quashed.	Further enquiry ordered.	Compoun- ded.	Total		1939-40		1940-41
														1939-40.	1940-41			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Shasan Sahb,	12	8	20	35	41	43	17	9	2	...	...	1	1	...	30	8	13	
Chit Jaijo	2	3	5	2	7	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	
Total	14	11	24	37	48	48	19	11	2	...	...	1	1	...	34	11	14	

# APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and persons dealt with by the various Courts in the Dungarpur State (on the original side) during the year 1940-41 (Vikrami 1997-98).

Tribunals.	Offences reported.		Persons dealt with.									Persons disposed of.						Persons under trial at the close of the year.		Remarks	
	1939-40.	1940-41.	Brought to trial during the year.						Total.	Discharged.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Total.						
			Persons under trial at the close of the last year.	Arrested by Police or committed by Court.	Arrested under warrant.	Summoned.	Appeared voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Courts							1939-40.	1940-41.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Shasan Sabha. ...	9	11	1	25	...	...	...	...	13	26	...	6	17	...	..	12	23	1	3		
Magistrate I Class, Dungarpur. ...	511	406	239	290	225	233	3	...	1065	950	155	317	138	25	2	826	637	239	353		
Magistrate II Class, Sagar. ...	295	277	113	93	166	464	...	...	536	836	252	351	44	...	44	423	691	113	145		
Total ...	815	694	353	408	391	697	3	...	1614	1852	407	674	199	25	46	1261	1351	353	501		

in the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41 (Vikram 1997-98).

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**Statement showing the disposal of applications for execution of decrees in the Dungarpur State during the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 )**

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## APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the different schools and the average roll and attendance in each for the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 ).

Serial No.	Name of School.	Average roll & attendance.				Percentage of attendance.		Percentage of examination results.		Roll on the 30th September.	
		Roll.		Attendance.							
		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.
1	Shri Maharawal High School, Dungarpur...	310	342	271	292	87	85	73	75	348	375
2	Pinhey School, Dungarpur ...	301	331	245	271	81	82	69	74	319	341
	Total ..	611	673	516	563	84	84	71	75	667	716
3	A. V. School Sagwara, English Section	74	77	60	58	82	76	51	64	81	80
	A. V. School Sagwara, Hindi Section	135	140	109	108	81	77	75	75	135	151
	Total ..	209	217	169	166	81	77	63	70	216	231
	<b>Girls' Schools.</b>										
4	Shri Devendra Girls' School, Dungarpur..	164	174	115	119	70	68	64	91	171	191
5	Girls' School Sagwara ...	49	58	36	40	73	69	37	68	42	69
6	Girls' School Simalwara ...	34	32	26	21	76	66	52	50	34	31
	Total ...	247	264	177	180	73	68	51	70	247	291
	<b>Village Schools.</b>										
1	Galiakot School ...	124	129	94	93	76	72	68	64	131	133
2	Sabla ..	92	63	61	35	66	56	32	67	90	50
3	Saroda ..	78	75	63	59	81	79	63	75	75	75
4	Padva ..	77	52	55	33	71	63	47	83	66	62
5	Bhilora ..	91	85	71	63	78	74	70	71	86	84
6	Kharagda ..	69	70	49	56	71	80	69	79	65	65
7	Obri ..	79	81	58	49	73	60	44	84	73	76
8	Dhambola ..	61	58	45	41	74	71	65	61	54	56
9	Kanba ..	65	59	50	43	77	73	69	64	63	43
10	Aspur ..	75	72	56	51	75	71	62	88	72	74
11	Kunva ..	45	44	34	31	76	70	71	79	45	31
12	Mandav ..	65	65	49	43	75	66	62	81	69	63
13	Punali ..	76	80	56	56	75	70	81	75	75	85
14	Damdi ..	73	94	54	67	74	71	81	86	80	100
15	Suratan ..	95	82	53	29	56	35	89	88	95	76
16	Galandar ..	153	134	98	68	64	51	89	75	146	121
	Night Schools +	...	176	...	106	...	62	...	New	...	171
	Total ..	1318	1419	946	923	72	65	66	76	1285	1365
	Grand Total	2385	2573	1808	1832	76	72	63	73	2415	2503

## APPENDIX VIII. (Continued).

Serial No.	Name of school.	Average roll & attendance.				Percentage of attendance.		Percentage of examination results.		Roll on the 30th Septem- ber.		Remarks
		Roll.		Attendance.								
		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	
	Previous Total ...	2385	2573	1808	1832	76	72	63	73	2415	2603	
	Jagir Schools.											
1	Punjpur School ..	44	33	39	23	89	70	65	14	40	38	
2	Navalsham „ ..	44	45	36	35	82	78	68	83	57	42	
3	Bankora „ ..	79	88	56	70	84	80	43	77	80	92	
4	Peith „ ..	48	46	30	28	63	61	43	61	54	56	
5	Thakar'a „ ..	70	56	43	34	61	61	70	86	67	45	
6	Solaj „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Simalwara „ ...	80	80	58	59	73	74	55	80	80	79	
8	Chitri „ ...	55	56	37	37	67	66	70	72	53	52	
9	Ghanta-ka-Gaon School	37	33	30	25	81	76	67	70	32	33	
	Total ...	457	437	339.	311	74	71	60	68	463	437	
	Total of State and Jagir Schools	2842	3010	2147	2143	72	72	62	71	2878	3040	
	12 Private Schools— Chikhli, Saloi, Chota Div- ra, Bada Divra, Vadgama, Bhimai, Simalia, Ghotad, Gamra, Jogivara, Mal, Tamatia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	266	374	
	1 Sanskrit Pathashala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	26	2 girls.
	9 Sewa Sangh Schools—  Bokhlan, Sati-Rampur, Kalalia, Samota, Kolkhan- da, Dojan, Jhontri, Gandva Mavit ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1761	1521	140 girls
	1 Harijan School, Dungarpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	59	7 girls.
	13 Dharmik Schools—  3 Bohra Schools: Dungar- pur, Sagwara and Galiakot; 1 Islamia School, Galiakot. 9 Jain Pathshalas: Dewal, Bichiwara, Peith, Obri, Sagwara, Ramgarh, Sabla, Padva, Girls' School, Galiakot.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	562	585	
	Grand Total ...	2842	3010	2147	2143	75	72	62	71	5548	5605	

## APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Receipts of the Dungarpur State  
during the year 1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 ).

No.	Major Heads of Income.			Budget estimates for 1939-40.		Actuals for 1939-40.		Budget estimates for 1940-41.		Actuals for 1940-41.		Remarks.
				Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	
ORDINARY.												
1	Devasthan.	...	...	12,739	0 0	14,401	6 9	14,599	0 0	14,244	14 7	
2	Land Revenue.	...	...	2,23,031	0 0	2,76,486	0 9	2,87,751	0 0	2,62,669	12 5	
3	Forests.	...	...	61,300	0 0	50,027	2 5	70,503	0 0	76,061	14 1	
4	Customs.	...	...	1,16,960	0 0	1,26,576	10 0	1,23,460	0 0	1,39,759	9 9	
5	Excise.	...	...	84,100	0 0	99,669	14 9	94,500	0 0	1,19,243	7 1	
6	Contracts.	...	...	2,200	0 0	2,173	7 9	2,100	0 0	2,000	13 6	
7	Fees.	...	...	2,900	0 0	3,648	8 0	3,800	0 0	3,192	9 9	
8	Judicial.	...	...	21,525	0 0	24,750	9 3	23,050	0 0	24,621	5 2	
9	Jail.	...	...	500	0 0	1,061	1 1	800	0 0	800	0 1	
10	Education.	...	...	3,650	0 0	3,938	1 9	3,650	0 0	4,149	7 9	
11	Police.	...	...	2,884	0 0	2,925	6 0	2,879	0 0	2,798	7 3	
12	Medical.	...	...	501	0 0	501	0 0	501	0 0	501	0 0	
13	Interest.	...	...	4,871	0 0	5,165	12 5	4,863	0 0	5,013	12 5	
14	Contribution from the Government of India.	...	...	14,500	0 0	13,527	0 0	14,000	0 0	3,691	0 0	
15	Court of Wards.	...	...	5,827	0 0	5,730	9 10	6,376	0 0	7,201	10 9	
16	Cess on land Revenue, Khalsa and Musafi Villages.	...	...	17,500	0 0	18,437	1 4	19 00	0 0	19,488	13 2	
17	Registration and sale of non-judicial stamps.	...	...	4,750	0 0	5,045	10 3	4,900	0 0	5,400	0 0	
18	Profit of Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank.	...	...	24,000	0 0	25,267	4 4	23,000	0 0	25,873	1 10	
19	Printing Press.	...	...	2,625	0 0	3,465	2 3	3,500	0 0	3,858	6 4	
20	Public Works Department.	...	...	19,200	0 0	15,510	10 6	21,000	0 0	22,971	14 6	
21	Electricity and Water Works.	...	...	21,325	0 0	22,498	6 7	21,025	0 0	21,301	6 10	
22/1	Stationery Depot.	...	...	1,225	0 0	1,227	3 0	1,251	0 0	1,251	4 2	
22/2	State Motor Service.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,968	5 11	
23	Miscellaneous.	...	...	20,651	0 0	23,391	12 10	22,151	0 0	19,847	8 6	
Total Ordinary.				6,68,764	0 0	7,45,507	13 10	7,67,234	0 0	8,35,166	10 10	
EXTRA-ORDINARY.												
24	Refunds.	...	...	4,300	0 0	4,513	10 8	4,300	0 0	6,066	6 9	
25	Miscellaneous.	...	...	3,590	0 0	15,215	8 4	4,000	0 0	4,917	4 6	
Total Extra-Ordinary.				7,890	0 0	19,729	18 7	8,300	0 0	10,983	11 3	
Total Ordinary & Extra-Ordinary.				6,76,654	0 0	7,65,237	15 5	7,75,534	0 0	8,46,150	0 1	
Opening Cash Balances on 1st October 1939 and 1940				1,91,271	1 2	1,91,271	1 2	1,93,224	6 4	1,93,224	6 4	
Grand Total.				8,67,925	1 2	9,56,508	1 7	9,69,758	6 4	1,03,987	12 5	

## APPENDIX X

Statement showing the Expenditure of the Dungarpur State during the year  
1940-41 ( Vikrami 1997-98 ).

No.	Major Heads of Expenditure.	Budget estimates for 1939-40.		Actuals for 1939-40.		Budget estimates for 1940-41.		Actuals for 1940-41.		Remarks.
		Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	Rs.	as p.	
1	ORDINARY.	Rs. 12,789	0 0	Rs. 14,401	6 9	Rs. 14,599	0 0	Rs. 14,294	14 7	
2	Devasthan. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Contribution to the Government of India.	17,500	0 0	17,500	0 0	17,500	0 0	17,500	0 0	
4	Administration. ...	5,823	0 0	4,811	2 2	6,919	0 0	7,038	8 6	
5	Chief Minister's Office.	15,377	0 0	15,107	14 11	17,476	0 0	17,383	2 9	
6	Accounts Office. ...	6,022	0 0	5,760	1 8	6,169	0 0	6,038	5 9	
7	Record. ...	1,434	0 0	1,428	15 0	1,434	0 0	1,425	6 4	
8	Police. ...	46,449	0 0	45,467	2 4	51,375	0 0	47,248	4 4	
9	Army. ...	26,207	0 0	25,803	3 10	38,805	0 0	37,462	9 8	
10	Medical. ...	28,065	0 0	21,215	11 5	24,742	0 0	24,332	9 4	
11	Forests and Shikarkhana.	28,668	0 0	23,458	14 7	43,099	0 0	44,060	5 5	
12	Religious and Charity.	6,156	0 0	6,092	15 0	5,299	0 0	5,331	11 8	
13	Stables and Karkhanas.	38,240	0 0	40,796	11 7	40,566	0 0	41,155	5 1	
14	Pensions and Gratuities	11,261	0 0	10,593	6 2	10,500	0 0	10,291	12 1	
15	Ceremonial. ...	16,490	0 0	35,169	10 1	16,627	0 0	14,234	14 5	
16	Palace. ...	33,487	0 0	39,467	0 6	32,203	0 0	36,200	12 6	
17	Personal expenses of His Highness.	78,000	0 0	78,000	0 0	78,000	0 0	78,000	0 0	
18	Zenani Deori. ...	41,768	0 0	41,001	14 0	41,548	0 0	41,048	0 0	
19	Education of Ruling Family.	8,890	0 0	8,198	0 5	6,020	0 0	5,077	1 9	
20	Revenue. ...	30,058	0 0	34,218	11 6	37,969	0 0	33,135	15 1	
21	Court of Wards. ...	3,253	0 0	2,811	12 0	3,500	0 0	2,566	6 6	
22	Customs and Excise.	31,219	0 0	39,569	14 0	32,629	0 0	31,297	8 7	
23	Judicial. ...	10,414	0 0	6,944	18 7	10,836	0 0	10,624	9 4	
24	Izai Ghafr. ...	40	0 0	39	13 9	45	0 0	16	15 1	
25	Jail. ...	4,975	0 0	4,925	8 6	5,030	0 0	5,056	5 5	
26	Public Works Department.	9,753	0 0	9,258	11 10	9,716	0 0	9,658	10 1	
27	Electric and Water Works Department.	24,476	0 0	26,133	11 8	25,505	0 0	25,435	2 4	
28	Education ...	31,021	0 0	30,622	12 0	31,453	0 0	30,550	9 6	
29	Grant to Municipalities.	12,500	0 0	11,881	13 9	12,000	0 0	13,110	11 0	
30	Stationery. ...	6,361	0 0	6,711	12 6	7,178	0 0	7,341	2 3	
31	Remittances. ...	900	0 0	804	7 1	900	0 0	752	10 1	
32	Printing Press. ...	2,614	0 0	2,475	9 10	3,669	0 0	3,483	12 4	
33	Survey and Boundary.	2,817	0 0	1,666	7 6	2,497	0 0	1,780	9 6	
33/1	Shri Ramchandra Lakshman Bank.	8,852	0 0	10,567	1 5	9,654	0 0	11,379	3 1	
33/2	State Motor Service.	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,930	13 4	
34	Miscellaneous. ...	18,717	0 0	18,665	7 7	20,652	0 0	20,226	5 4	
	Total Ordinary.	6,25,162	0 0	6,37,482	10 11	6,99,522	0 0	6,69,488	13 4	
	EXTRA-ORDINARY.									
35	New Works. ...	33,500	0 0	52,656	7 4	44,420	0 0	51,858	15 6	
36	Settlement. ...	1,250	0 0	1,297	8 9	1,245	0 0	1,028	11 8	
37	Loans. ...	3,000	0 0	3,271	0 0	4,000	0 0	2,238	0 0	
38	Miscellaneous. ...	27,394	0 0	55,821	5 8	30,350	0 0	48,077	1 10	
39	Census. ...	...	...	...	...	3,976	0 0	3,170	0 4	
	Total Extra-Ordinary.	65,144	0 0	1,12,446	0 4	83,697	0 0	1,05,892	12 11	
	Total Ordinary & Extra-Ordinary.	6,90,306	0 0	7,49,928	11 8	7,83,219	0 0	7,74,981	10 3	
40	Investments. ...	8,423	0 0	13,355	0 0	8,423	0 0	68,881	7 16	
	Total including Investments.	6,98,729	0 0	7,63,283	11 3	7,91,642	0 0	8,43,862	2 1	
	Closing Balance on 30th September 1940 and 1941.	1,63,116	1 2	1,98,224	6 4	2,10,816	6 4	1,95,511	10 5	
	Grand Total.	8,61,845	1 2	9,61,507	1 7	10,02,458	6 4	10,39,373	12 5	

